Fall 2004 MATH 171

Week in Review V

courtesy of David J. Manuel Section 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6

Section 3.4

- 1. Use the definition of the derivative to find the derivative of $f(x) = \sin 2x$
- 2. Assuming the derivatives of sin x and cos x, prove $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \sec^2 x$.
- 3. Given $\lim_{x\to 0} \sin x = 0$ and $\lim_{x\to 0} \cos x = 1$, prove that $f(x) = \sin x$ is continuous for all x.

Section 3.5

- 4. Prove that the derivative of an even function is an odd function.
- 5. Prove: if $(x-a)^2$ is a factor of a polynomial function p(x), then x-a is a factor of p'(x).

Section 3.6

6. Differentiate the equation $\frac{y-a}{x-b} = c$ implicitly to find y'. Explain the significance of your answer.

7. Prove the power rule works for rational exponents (i.e., prove that if $n = \frac{p}{q}$, then $\frac{d}{dx}(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$).