

Name\_\_\_\_\_ ID\_\_\_\_\_

MATH 172

EXAM 1

Fall 1999

Section 502

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Multiple Choice: (5 points each)

1-9	/45
10	/15
11	/15
12	/15
13	/10
14	/10

1. Compute:  $\int \sqrt{x} \left( x^2 - \frac{1}{x} \right) dx$
- a.  $\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{2x^{-3/2}}{3} + C$
  - b.  $\frac{2x^{7/2}}{7} - 2x^{1/2} + C$
  - c.  $\frac{2x^{37/2}}{3} + \frac{2x^{-3/2}}{3} + C$
  - d.  $\sqrt{x} \left( \frac{x^3}{3} - \ln x \right) + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3}(x^2 - \ln x) + C$
  - e.  $\frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \left( \frac{x^3}{3} - \ln x \right) + C$
2. Evaluate  $\int_0^2 \sqrt{4 - x^2} + 1 \, dx$  by interpreting it as an area.
- a.  $2 + 2\pi$
  - b.  $1 + \pi$
  - c.  $1 + 2\pi$
  - d.  $\pi - 1$
  - e.  $2 + \pi$
3. Find the area between the parabola  $y = x^2$  and the line  $y = 2x + 3$ .
- a.  $-\frac{16}{3}$
  - b.  $\frac{16}{3}$
  - c.  $\frac{32}{3}$
  - d. 9
  - e.  $\frac{88}{3}$

4. Compute  $\int_1^4 \frac{\ln x}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$

- a.  $2\ln 4 - 1$
- b.  $2\ln 4 - 2$
- c.  $2\ln 4 - 4$
- d.  $2\ln 4 - 6$
- e.  $\ln 2 - 4$

5. The mass density of a 3 cm bar is  $\rho = 1 + x^2 \frac{\text{gm}}{\text{cm}}$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 3$ . Find the total mass of the bar.

- a. 4 gm
- b. 10 gm
- c. 12 gm
- d. 18 gm
- e. 30 gm

6. The mass density of a 3 cm bar is  $\rho = 1 + x^2 \frac{\text{gm}}{\text{cm}}$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 3$ . Find the  $x$ -coordinate of the center of mass of the bar.

- a.  $\frac{3}{2}$
- b. 2
- c.  $\frac{7}{3}$
- d.  $\frac{33}{16}$
- e.  $\frac{99}{4}$

7. Compute  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^4 \theta \cos \theta \, d\theta$

- a.  $-\frac{1}{3}$
- b.  $-\frac{1}{5}$
- c.  $\frac{1}{6}$
- d.  $\frac{1}{5}$
- e.  $\frac{1}{3}$

8. Compute  $\int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^3 \theta \sec^2 \theta \, d\theta$

- a.  $-\frac{1}{4}$
- b.  $\frac{1}{4}$
- c.  $-\frac{1}{3}$
- d.  $\frac{1}{3}$
- e.  $-\frac{1}{2}$

9. Compute:  $\int_0^2 x \sqrt{4 - x^2} \, dx$

- a.  $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$
- b.  $\frac{8}{3}$
- c. 24
- d.  $\frac{32}{3}$
- e. 6

**10.** (15 points) Compute  $\int_0^1 (t^2 - t) e^{2t} dt$

11. (15 points) Compute  $\int_1^2 \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}{x} dx$

You must evaluate any inverse trig functions in the answer.

12. (15 points) Find the arc length of the parametric curve  $x = \frac{1}{2}t^6$ ,  $y = t^4$  between  $t = 0$  and  $t = 1$ .

HINT: Factor the quantity in the square root.

13. (10 points) Find the volume of the solid whose base is the triangle with vertices  $(0, -1)$ ,  $(1, 0)$  and  $(0, 1)$  and whose crosssections perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis are semicircles.

14. (10 points) The area between the parabola  $y = x^2$  and the line  $y = x$  is rotated about the indicated axis. Find the volume of the solid swept out.

a.  $x$ -axis

b.  $y$ -axis