

Name _____ ID _____

MATH 251 Quiz 4 Spring 2006
 Sections 506 Solutions P. Yasskin
 10 points each

1-2	/20
3	/10
Total	/30

1. Compute $\int_1^2 \int_1^x 3y \, dy \, dx$.

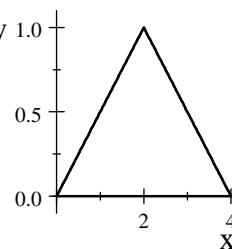
- a. -1
- b. 1
- c. 2 Correct Choice
- d. $\frac{7}{2}$
- e. 4

$$\int_1^2 \int_1^x 3y \, dy \, dx = \int_1^2 \left[\frac{3y^2}{2} \right]_{y=1}^x \, dx = \int_1^2 \frac{3x^2}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \, dx = \left[\frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{3x}{2} \right]_1^2 = [4 - 3] - \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \right] = 2$$

2. Find the volume under the surface $z = 2xy^2$ above the triangle with vertices $(0,0)$, $(4,0)$ and $(2,1)$.

- a. $-\frac{1}{3}$
- b. $\frac{1}{3}$
- c. $\frac{2}{3}$
- d. $\frac{7}{6}$
- e. $\frac{4}{3}$ Correct Choice

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 \int_{2y}^{4-2y} 2xy^2 \, dx \, dy &= \int_0^1 \left[x^2 y^2 \right]_{x=2y}^{4-2y} \, dy = \int_0^1 [(4-2y)^2 - (2y)^2] y^2 \, dy \\ &= \int_0^1 (16 - 16y) y^2 \, dy = \int_0^1 16y^2 - 16y^3 \, dy = \left[\frac{16}{3}y^3 - 4y^4 \right]_0^1 \\ &= \left[\frac{16}{3} - 4 \right] = \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$



3. Compute $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 y^3 \sin(x^3) dx dy$. HINT: Reverse the order of integration.

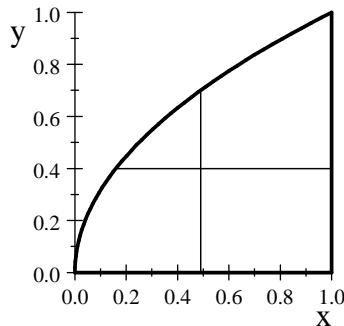
Plot the region:

Originally:

$$0 \leq y \leq 1 \quad y^2 \leq x \leq 1$$

Finally:

$$0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{x}$$



$$\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 y^3 \sin(x^3) dx dy = \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} y^3 \sin(x^3) dy dx = \int_0^1 \left[\frac{y^4}{4} \right]_{y=0}^{\sqrt{x}} \sin(x^3) dx = \int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{4} \sin(x^3) dx$$

Now let $u = x^3$. Then $du = 3x^2 dx$. Or $\frac{1}{3} du = x^2 dx$.

Also if $x = 0$ then $u = 0$ and if $x = 1$ then $u = 1$. So

$$\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 y^3 \sin(x^3) dx dy = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{12} \sin(u) du = \left[\frac{-1}{12} \cos u \right]_0^1 = \frac{-1}{12} \cos 1 + \frac{1}{12}$$