## due Friday September 13 at the beginning of class

Topics covered : Differences between linear and non-linear equations (section 2.4). Exact equations and integrating factors (section 2.6)

1. Determine (without solving the problem) an interval in which the solution of the given IVP is certain to exist:

$$
\left(16-t^{4}\right) y^{\prime}-(\ln (1-t)) y=13 t^{2}, \quad y(-1)=-2013
$$

2. Show that the following ODE is exact and then solve it:

$$
y \cos (x y)-e^{2 y}+\left(x \cos (x y)-2 y-2 x e^{2 y}\right) y^{\prime}=0
$$

3. Solve the differential equation

$$
6 x y d x+\left(4 y+9 x^{2}\right) d y=0
$$

by finding an appropriate integrating factor to make it exact.

