## 2015 AB Exam

## Texas A&M High School Math Contest October 24, 2015

- 1. For how many integers n in the set  $\{1, 2, 3, ..., 150\}$  is  $n^3 n^2$  the square of an integer?
- 2. If  $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = 5$  and  $\frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{y} = 1$ , find x + y.
- 3. Daisy has a bag containing 6 distinct objects. She draws one object and replaces it. She does this four times. What is the probability that she draws the same object exactly three times.
- 4. The sum of the first ten terms of a nonzero geometric series is 244 times the sum of the first five terms. What is the common ratio of this series?
- 5. Write 2015 in the base 5 numeration system.
- 6. How many members of the set  $\{\frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, ..., \frac{100}{7}\}$  are integer multiples of  $\frac{2}{5}$ ?
- 7. If f is a function such that f(1) = 1 and f(n) = f(n-1) + 2n 1 for all  $n \ge 2$ , find f(100).
- 8. Find the value of the number A such that the three solutions to  $x^3 8x^2 + Ax 12 = 0$  are positive integers.
- 9. Let P(x) be a monic polynomial of degree 3. (So the coefficient of  $x^3$  is 1.) Suppose that the remainder when P(x) is divided by  $x^2 5x + 6$  equals 2 times the remainder when P(x) is divided by  $x^2 5x + 4$ . If P(0) = 100, find P(5).
- 10. How many positive integers less than 1400 have no repeating digits, i.e. no digit occurs more than once. (For example 103 is such an integer, but 131 is not.)
- 11. Find all possible ordered pairs (A, B) of digits such that the integer 7A8B is divisible by 45.
- 12. Among all real numbers x and y such that |x + y| + |x y| = 10, what is the largest value of  $x^2 + y^2 8y$ ?
- 13. How many ways can one list 1, 2, 3, 4 so that no integer is followed by its successor, i.e. n, n+1 never occurs? For example 2, 1, 4, 3 is one such listing but 2, 1, 3, 4 is not (4 is the successor of 3).
- 14. Exactly one of the five integers listed below is a prime. Which one is the prime number?

(a) 999, 991 (b) 999, 973 (c) 999, 983 (d) 1,000,001 (e) 7,999, 973

- 15. The set of integers  $\{1, 2, ..., 20\}$  is divided into k disjoint subsets  $S_1, S_2, ..., S_k$  such that no two different integers whose sum is divisible by 5 are in the same subset. For example 7 and 8 are not in the same subset since 5 divides 7 + 8. What is the least possible value of k?
- 16. A number system with base 26 uses the following symbols for the digits 0 through 25: A = 0, B = 1, C = 2, ..., Y = 24, Z = 25. Express P + Q in this system.
- 17. How many ordered pairs (x, y) of integers satisfy  $x^2 + 6x + y^2 = 16$ ?
- 18. Recall that if S is a set then |S| denotes the number of elements in S. Now let  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . How many different nonempty subsets T of S do not contain |T|? For example  $T = \{3, 5\}$  is one such subset since |T| = 2 is not in T.

- 19. Find all positive integers n of the form  $n = p^2 q$  with p and q distinct primes and such that the sum of the reciprocals of all of the divisors of n is 2.
- 20. In Dr. Stecher's special topics class, 20% of the students are juniors and 80% are seniors. On a recent test the average score for the entire class was 85 and the average score for the seniors was 88. What was the average score for the juniors?
- 21. Let  $f_1$  be the function defined by  $f_1(x) = 1 \frac{1}{x}$ . Let  $f_2$  be defined by  $f_2(x) = f_1(f_1(x))$ . Let  $f_3$  be defined by  $f_3(x) = f_1(f_2(x))$ . Continue in this fashion to define the sequence of functions  $f_1, f_2, ..., f_n, ...$  Find the value of  $f_{50}(50)$ .