

Fall 2007 Math 151

WIR7 [reformatted and augmented]

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Art Belmonte

- Given a graph of f' (or f''), talk about f .
See appropriate Maplets!
- Sketch the graph of a function f with these properties.
 - Domain: All real numbers
 - $f(-1) = -2$, $f(0) = 0$, $f(2) = 3$
 - $f'(x) < 0$ for $(-\infty, -1) \cup (2, \infty)$
 - $f'(x) > 0$ for $(1, 2)$
 - $f''(x) > 0$ for $x < 0$ and $f''(x) < 0$ for $x > 0$
- Identify all critical values of the following functions.
 - $f(x) = xe^{2x}$
 - $f(x) = |x^2 - 2x|$
 - $f(x) = (x^2 - x)^{1/3}$
- Find absolute and local extrema via graphing.
 - $f(x) = 1 - x^2$, $-1 \leq x \leq 2$
 - $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } -1 \leq x < 0 \\ 2 - x^2 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$
- In each case, find the absolute extrema.
 - $f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 1$ on $[-1, 5]$
 - $f(x) = x \ln x$ on $[1, 3]$
- In each case, sketch the graph of a function f with the specified properties.
 - $x = 2$ is a critical number of f , but f has no local extrema
 - f is continuous with a local maximum at $x = 2$, but f is not differentiable at $x = 2$
 - f is defined on $[2, 5]$, but has no absolute maximum
- State the Mean Value Theorem (MVT), then find all numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the MVT for $f(x) = x^2$ on $[-1, 2]$.
- Find the intervals where the given function is increasing or decreasing and identify all local extrema.
 - $f(x) = 3x^4 + 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 8$
 - $y = \tan^{-1}(x^2)$
 - $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x-1)^2}$, $x \neq 1$
 - $f(x) = x \sin x + \cos x$ on $[0, 2\pi]$

- Determine the intervals where $f(x) = x^5 + 5x^4$ is concave up or concave down and identify all inflection points.

- Given the following information, identify any local extrema.

x	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$f''(x)$
-3	4	0	7
2	-5	0	-6

- A poster is to have an area of 180 in.^2 with 1-inch margins at the bottom and sides and a 2-inch margin at the top. What dimensions give the largest printed area?
- A company wants to manufacture a rectangular box with a volume of 36 ft^3 . The box has no top and its length is twice its width. Find the dimensions of the box that minimize the amount of material used.
- Find the area of the largest rectangle that can be inscribed in a right triangle with legs of length 3 cm and 4 cm if two sides of the rectangle lie along the legs.
- In each case find the most general antiderivative.
 - $f(x) = 5x^{1/4} - 7x^{3/4}$
 - $g(\theta) = \cos \theta - 5 \sin \theta$
 - $f(\theta) = 6\theta^2 - 7 \sec^2 \theta$
 - $f(t) = 2 \sec t \tan t + \frac{1}{2}t^{-1/2}$
 - $g(x) = \left(\frac{1-x}{x}\right)^2$
 - $f(x) = \frac{(1+e^x)^2}{e^x}$
- Find f given $f''(t) = 3t^{-1/2}$, $f(4) = 20$, and $f'(4) = 7$.
- Given acceleration $\mathbf{a}(t) = [e^t, 4t + \cos t]$, initial velocity $\mathbf{v}(0) = [2, -1]$, and initial position $\mathbf{r}(0) = [0, 5]$, find the position at time $t = 2$.