

Fall 2007 Math 151

Week in Review 4

courtesy: Amy Austin
(covering sections 3.4 - 3.9)

Section 3.4

- Find the limit. Support your answer.
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 7x}{2x}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^2(5x)}{3x^2}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{\sin(3x)}$
- Find the derivative of $f(x) = \sec x \tan x$
- Find the derivative of $h(x) = \frac{\cot x}{\sin x}$
- Find the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = \sec^2 x$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$

Section 3.5

- Suppose that $w = u \circ v$, $u(0) = 1$, $v(0) = 2$, $u'(0) = 3$, $u'(2) = 4$, $v'(0) = 5$ and $v'(2) = 6$. Find $w'(0)$.
- Find $f'(x)$ if $f(x) = \tan(x^5)$
- Find $f'(x)$ for $f(x) = \sin^3 4x$
- Find the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = \frac{8}{\sqrt{4+3x}}$ at $x = 0$.
- Find $f'(x)$ for $f(x) = (x^2 + 1)^4(2 - 3x)^3$
- If $G(x) = \cos(f(x)) + f(\cos x)$, find $G'(x)$.
- Find the derivative of $f(x) = \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}$.
- Find y' for $y = \sec(\sec(\sec(x)))$.

Section 3.6

- Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y^5 + 2x^2y^3 = 6x^2 - y^2 + 5$.
- Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $\cos(x - 2y) = x^3y^3 + 1$
- Find the tangent line to the graph of $y^2 = x^3(2 - x)$ at the point $(1, 1)$.

- Show the curves $x^2 - y^2 = 5$ and $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 72$ are orthogonal at the point $(3, 2)$

Section 3.7

- Find the tangent vector to the curve $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2t, 3t^3 \rangle$ at $t = -1$.
- A cannonball fired from a cannon has a position function given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 5t, 36t - 2t^2 \rangle$.
 - Compute the velocity and the speed of the cannonball at time $t = 4$.
 - With what speed does the cannonball hit the ground?
 - How far does the cannonball travel before hitting the ground?
- Given $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2 \cos t, 3 \sin t \rangle$:
 - Sketch the curve by eliminating the parameter.
 - Find the position and tangent (velocity), vector to the curve at $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$.
 - Find parametric equations for the tangent line to the curve $\mathbf{r}(t)$ at $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$.

Section 3.8

- Find y'' for $y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$.
- If $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^3, t^2 \rangle$ represents the position of a particle at time t , find the angle between the velocity and the acceleration vector at time $t = 1$.

Section 3.9

- Given $x = \cos t$ and $y = t^2$, find the equation of the tangent line at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
- Let $x = t^4 - 4t^3$ and $y = 3t^2 - 6t$.
 - Find the equation of the tangent line at the point $(5, 9)$.
 - Find all point(s) on the curve where the tangent line is vertical or horizontal.