Spring 2013 Math 152

courtesy: Amy Austin (covering sections 6.5 - 8.2)

Section 6.5

1.
$$\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

2.
$$\int x \sin(x^2 - 2) dx$$

3.
$$\int_0^1 \frac{6x + 1}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

4.
$$\int \frac{x}{(x+1)^3} dx$$

Section 7.1

- 5. Find the area of the region bounded by the following pairs of curves.
 - a.) $y = x + 2, y = x^2$

b.)
$$x + y^2 = 2, x + y = 0$$

c.) $y = \cos x, \, y = \sin x, \, x = 0, \, x = \pi$

Section 7.2 and 7.3

- 6. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by y = x and $y = x^3$ (first quadrant only) about the x-axis.
- 7. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = x^2$, y = 4, and x = 0 about the y axis by first using the method of shells, then the method of disks.
- 8. Let R be the region bounded by $y = \sin x$, x = 0, $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ and y = 0. Using the method of washers, set up the integral that gives the volume of the solid obtained by rotating R about the line y = 1, Do not evaluate the integral.
- 9. Let R be the region bounded by $y = \sin x$, x = 0, $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ and y = 0. Using the method of cylindrical shells, set up the integral that gives the volume of the solid obtained by rotating R about the line

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$
. Do not evaluate the integral.

10. Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region bounded by the line y = 2x - 1, x = 0

and y = 0. Cross sections perpendicular to the y-axis are squares.

Section 7.4

- 11. The force required to stretch a spring from a natural length of 1 foot to a length of 1.5 feet is 25 pounds. How much work in foot pounds is done in stretching the spring from 1.25 to 1.5 feet?
- 12. A tank contains water and has the shape described below. Find the work required to pump all of the water out of the tank. Assume that $\rho = 1000$ is the density of water (in kg/m^3) and g = 9.8 is the acceleration due to gravity (in m/s^2).

a.) The tank is a trough 8 m long. The end of the trough is a semi circle with radius 3 m, diameter at the top.

b.) The tank has the shape of an upright circular cone with height 5 m and radius 2m. In addition, there is a 1 meter high spout at the top of the cone from which the water exits the tank. If the tank is initially full to a water depth of 3 m, find the work required to pump all of the water out of the spout.

13. A cable that weighs 2 lb/ft is used to lift 800 lb of coal up a mineshaft 500 feet deep. Find the work done.

Section 7.5

14. Find the average value of $f(x) = x\sqrt{x+2}$ over the interval [-1, 2].

Section 8.1

15.
$$\int \sqrt{x} \ln x \, dx$$

16.
$$\int_0^1 \frac{x}{e^{3x}} \, dx$$

17.
$$\int x^2 \cos(2x) \, dx$$

18.
$$\int_0^{1/2} \arcsin x \, dx$$

19.
$$\int e^{2x} \cos x \, dx$$

Section 8.2

20.
$$\int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x \, dx$$

21.
$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^3 x \, dx$$

22.
$$\int \cos^2 (4x) \sin^2(4x) \, dx$$

23.
$$\int \tan^5 x \sec^3 x \, dx$$

24.
$$\int_0^1 \sec^4 x \sqrt{\tan x} \, dx$$

25.
$$\int \frac{\sin^2(\ln x)}{x} \, dx$$

26. Let R be the region bounded by $y = \cos x$,

 $y = 0, x = 0, x = \frac{\pi}{4}$. Find the volume obtained by rotating the region *R* about the *x*-axis, then the *y*-axis.