

MATH 152
SPRING 2012

SAMPLE EXAM I (covering sections 6.4-8.2)

1. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = 4$.

- a) $\frac{32}{3}$ b) $\frac{256}{3}$ c) $\frac{256\pi}{5}$
- d) $\frac{32\pi}{5}$ e) $\frac{64}{3}$

2. Which of the following integrals gives the area of the region bounded by $x + y^2 = 0$ and $x - 3y = -4$?

- a) $\int_{-4}^1 (-y^2 - 3y + 4) dy$ b) $\int_{-16}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3}(x + 4) - \sqrt{-x} \right) dx$
- c) $\int_{-16}^{-1} \left(-\frac{1}{3}(x + 4) - \sqrt{-x} \right) dx$ d) $\int_{-1}^4 (-y^2 + 3y + 4) dy$
- e) no solution-functions not defined

3. Find the volume of the solid formed by rotating the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^3$ about the x -axis.

- a) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ b) $\frac{4\pi}{15}$ c) $\frac{4\pi}{21}$
- d) $\frac{2\pi}{21}$ e) $\frac{2\pi}{15}$

4. Find the volume of the solid formed by rotating the region bounded by $y = e^x$, $y = 0$, $x = 0$, and $x = 1$ about the line $x = 3$.

- a) $3\pi e - 4\pi$ b) $\frac{29\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\pi e^2 - 6\pi e$ c) $6\pi e - 8\pi$
d) $\frac{29\pi}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\pi e^2 - 3\pi e$ e) $-2\pi + 2\pi e$

5. A spring has a natural length of 1 m. The force required to keep it stretched to a length of 2 m is 10 N. Find the work required to stretch the spring from a length of 2 m to a length of 4 m.

- a) $\frac{75}{4}$ J b) 45 J c) $\frac{75}{2}$ J
d) 30 J e) 40 J

6. Evaluate $\int_0^{\sqrt[3]{\pi/2}} x^5 \cos(x^3) dx$

- a) $\frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{6}$ c) $\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{3}$
d) $\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$ e) $\frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{1}{2}$

7. $\int_1^{e^2} \ln x dx =$

- a) $1 - e^2$ b) $e^2 - 1$ c) $e - 1$
d) $1 + e^2$ e) $1 - e$

8. $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx =$

a) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2+1} + C$

b) $\frac{1}{3}(x^2+1)^{3/2} - \sqrt{x^2+1} + C$

c) $\frac{1}{2}(x^2+1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{x^2+1} + C$

d) $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^2+1} + C$

e) $\frac{3}{4}(x^2+1)^{3/2} - \sqrt{x^2+1} + C$

9. A 15 pound rope, 30 feet long, hangs from the top of a cliff. How much work is done in pulling $\frac{1}{3}$ of this rope to the top of the cliff?

a) 125 foot-pounds

b) 25 foot-pounds

c) 35 foot-pounds

d) 2255 foot-pounds

e) 75 foot-pounds

10. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^4 x dx =$

a) $\frac{3\pi}{8}$

b) $\frac{3\pi}{16}$

c) $\frac{3\pi}{32}$

d) $\frac{\pi}{5}$

e) $\frac{\pi}{24}$

11. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^3 x \sec^4 x \, dx$.

- a) 1 b) $\frac{1}{4}$ c) $\frac{5}{12}$ d) $\frac{1}{\pi}$ e) $\frac{2}{3\pi}$

12. An object is moved along the x -axis by a force of magnitude $F(x) = e^{-2x}$. How much work is done as the object moves from $x = 0$ to $x = 3$?

- a) $\frac{1}{2}(1 - e^{-6})$ b) $2(e^6 - 1)$ c) $\frac{1}{2}(e^6 + 1)$
d) $2(e^{-6} - 1)$
e) It cannot be determined without knowing the mass or weight of the object.

13. Calculate $\int_0^2 \frac{x+1}{x^2+4} \, dx$.

- a) $\frac{\pi}{8} + \ln \sqrt{2}$ b) $\frac{1}{2\pi}$ c) $\ln 128$ d) $\frac{\pi}{6} + \ln \sqrt{3}$
e) $\frac{\pi}{6} + \ln 2$

14. Find the average value of the function $f(x) = \cos^3 x$ on the interval $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$.

- a) $\frac{1}{3}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ c) $\frac{3}{\pi}$ d) $\frac{1}{2}$ e) $\frac{4}{3\pi}$

15. $\frac{d}{dx} \left[\int_0^{e^x} \sin(t^2) \, dt \right] =$

- a) $\sin(e^{2x})$ b) $e^x \sin(e^{2x})$ c) $\cos(e^{2x})$ d) $e^x \cos(e^{2x})$
e) $e^x \sin(e^{x^2})$

Part II - Work Out Problems
CALCULATORS ARE NOT ALLOWED ON THIS
PART OF THE EXAM

16. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region bounded by $y = 4 - x^2$ and $y = 3$ about the x -axis.

17. The base of a solid is the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 4)$, and $(3, 0)$. Cross-sections perpendicular to the x -axis are semicircles. Find the volume of the solid.

18. A tank is in the shape of the region bounded by $y = x^2$, $y = 4$, $x = 0$, revolved around the y axis. Assuming the tank is initially full of water, find the work done in pumping the water to the top of the tank. Assume the tank measurements are in feet and the weight density of water is $\rho g = 62.5$ pounds per cubic foot.

19. Compute $\int \arcsin x \, dx$

20. Consider the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 2x$. Find the volume obtained by revolving this region about the line $y = 5$.

21. Evaluate $\int \sin^5 x \sqrt{\cos x} dx$

22. Consider the region bounded by $y = \tan^2 x$, $y = 0$, $x = 0$ and $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
- a.) Find the area of this region.

- b.) Find the volume obtained by rotating this region about the x axis.