

## Questions asked in class

① How do you know what formula to use for the equation of a tangent plane?

$$\textcircled{\text{I}} \quad z - z_0 = f_x(x_0, y_0)(x - x_0) + f_y(x_0, y_0)(y - y_0)$$

use if  $z = f(x, y)$

Find tangent plane to  $z = x^2 y^3$  at  $(2, 1)$

$$x_0 = 2 \quad f_x = 2xy^3 \quad f_x(2, 1) = 4$$

$$y_0 = 1 \quad f_y = 3x^2 y^2 \quad f_y(2, 1) = 12$$

$$z_0 = 4$$

$$z - 4 = 4(x - 2) + 12(y - 1)$$

$\textcircled{\text{II}}$  Formula to use if the surface is not explicitly solved for  $z$ .

Find tangent plane to the surface

$$2xy + 3yz + 7xz = -9$$

at  $(1, 2, -1)$

$$\vec{n} \cdot (\vec{r} - \vec{r}_0) = 0 \quad \vec{n} = \nabla F, \text{ where}$$

$$F(x, y, z) = 2xy + 3yz + 7xz$$

$$\nabla F = \langle F_x, F_y, F_z \rangle$$

$$\nabla F = \langle 2y + 7z, 2x + 3z, 3y + 7x \rangle$$

$$\vec{n} = \nabla F(1, 2, -1) = \langle 4 - 7, 2 - 3, 6 + 7 \rangle$$

$$\vec{n} = \langle -3, -1, 13 \rangle$$

$$\vec{n} \cdot (\vec{r} - \vec{r}_0) = 0 \rightarrow \langle -3, -1, 13 \rangle \cdot \langle x - 1, y - 2, z + 1 \rangle = 0$$

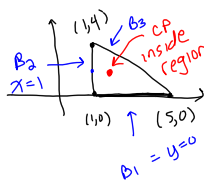
$$-3(x - 1) - (y - 2) + 13(z + 1) = 0$$

Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of  $f$  on the set  $D$ .

$f(x, y) = 8 + xy - x - 2y$ ,  $D$  is the closed triangular region with vertices  $(1, 0)$ ,  $(5, 0)$ , and  $(1, 4)$

absolute maximum value

absolute minimum value



$$f_y = 0 \rightarrow x - 2 = 0 \quad x = 2$$

$$f_x = 0 \rightarrow y - 1 = 0 \quad y = 1$$

$$\text{CP: } (2, 1)$$

$$f(2, 1) = 8 + 2 - 2 - 2$$

$$f(2, 1) = 7$$

Three boundary curves:  $B_1: y = 0$   
 $B_2: x = 1$   
 $B_3: y = 5 - x$

$$f(x, y) = 8 + xy - x - 2y$$

$$B_1: f(x, 0) = 8 - x, \quad 1 \leq x \leq 5$$

$$\text{cn: none!} \quad f(1, 0) = 7$$

$$f(5, 0) = 8 - 5 = 3$$

$$B_2: f(1, y) = 8 + y - 1 - 2y, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 4$$

$$= 7 - y \quad f(1, 0) = 7$$

$$\text{cn: none!} \quad f(1, 4) = 7 - 4 = 3$$

$$B_3: y = 5 - x ;$$

$$f(x, 5-x) = 8 + x(5-x) - x - 2(5-x),$$

$$= 8 + 5x - x^2 - x - 10 + 2x$$

$$= -x^2 + 6x - 2, \quad 1 \leq x \leq 5$$

$$f'(x, 5-x) = -2x + 6 \quad \text{cn: } x = 3 \checkmark$$

$$x = 3: f(3, 2) = -9 + 18 - 2 = 7$$

$$x = 1: f(1, 4) = -1 + 6 - 2 = 3$$

$$x = 4: f(5, 0) = -25 + 30 - 2 = 3$$

$$\text{ABS max} = 7$$

$$\text{ABS mn} = 3$$