Section 4.1: Exponential Functions and their derivatives

**Definition**: The function  $f(x) = a^x$ ,  $a \neq 1$ , a > 0, is called an exponential function.

• Case 1: Exponential Growth If a > 1, then  $f(x) = a^x$  grows exponentially.

Note in particular:

- (i) The domain is  $(-\infty, \infty)$ . (ii) The range is  $(0, \infty)$ . (iii)  $\lim_{x \to \infty} a^x = \infty$ . (iv)  $\lim_{x \to -\infty} a^x = 0$ .
- Case 2: Exponential Decay If 0 < a < 1, then  $f(x) = a^x$  decays exponentially.

Note in particular:

- (i) The domain is  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- (ii) The range is  $(0, \infty)$ .
- (iii)  $\lim_{x \to \infty} a^x = 0.$
- (iv)  $\lim_{x \to -\infty} a^x = \infty.$

## **Properties of Exponential Functions:**

(i) 
$$a^{x+y} = a^x a^y$$
  
(ii)  $a^{x-y} = \frac{a^x}{a^y}$   
(iii)  $(a^x)^y = a^{xy}$   
(iv)  $(ab)^x = a^x b^x$   
(v)  $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^x = \frac{a^x}{b^x}$ 



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EXAMPLE 1: Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = 2^x$  and  $g(x) = 3^x$  on the same axis.

**Definition**: We call  $f(x) = e^x$  the exponential function, where  $e \approx 2.718281828$ . One interesting fact about  $f(x) = e^x$  is that it is the only exponential function where the slope of the tangent line at x = 0 is 1.

EXAMPLE 2: Find the limit: (a)  $\lim_{x\to\infty} 0.3^{-x}$ 

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\frac{e}{\pi}\right)^x$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\frac{x}{2-x}}$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^-} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\frac{x}{2-x}}$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4}{1 + e^x}$$

(e) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{e^x - e^{-3x}}{e^{3x} + e^{-3x}}$$

## **Derivatives of Exponential Functions**

(i) 
$$\frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$$
  
(ii)  $\frac{d}{dx}e^{g(x)} = g'(x)e^{g(x)}$ 

EXAMPLE 3: Find the derivative.

(a) 
$$y = \sqrt{e^x + x} + \frac{1}{e} + x^e$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = e^{-5x} \cos(3x)$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = e^{x \sin x}$$

EXAMPLE 4: Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $2e^{xy} = x + y$  at the point (0, 2).

EXAMPLE 5: Find the 800th derivative of  $f(x) = xe^x$ 

EXAMPLE 6: Find the equation of the tangent line to the parametric curve  $x = e^{-t}$ ,  $y = te^{2t}$  at t = 0.

EXAMPLE 7: Find the derivative of  $f(x) = g(e^x) + e^{g(\sin x)}$ .