

Exam 3, April 15

1. Solve the following boundary value problem for the potential equation (Laplace's equation) on a square:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0 \quad \text{for} \quad 0 < x < \pi \quad \text{and} \quad 0 < y < \pi,$$

with the boundary conditions

$$\begin{aligned} u(0, y) = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(\pi, y) = 0 \quad \text{when} \quad 0 < y < \pi, \\ u(x, 0) = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(x, \pi) = 0 \quad \text{when} \quad 0 < x < \pi. \end{aligned}$$

2. Do **one** of the following two problems.

- (a) Recall that the Legendre polynomial $P_n(x)$ is a polynomial solution of degree n of the differential equation

$$(1 - x^2)y'' - 2xy' + n(n + 1)y = 0,$$

normalized by the condition $y(1) = 1$. Compute $P_4(x)$.

- (b) The Hermite polynomial $H_n(x)$ is a polynomial solution of degree n of the differential equation

$$y'' - 2xy' + 2ny = 0,$$

where n is a positive integer. Show that the Hermite polynomials satisfy the weighted orthogonality relation

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} H_n(x)H_m(x)e^{-x^2} dx = 0$$

when $n \neq m$.

Hint: observe that $(e^{-x^2}y')' = (y'' - 2xy')e^{-x^2}$.