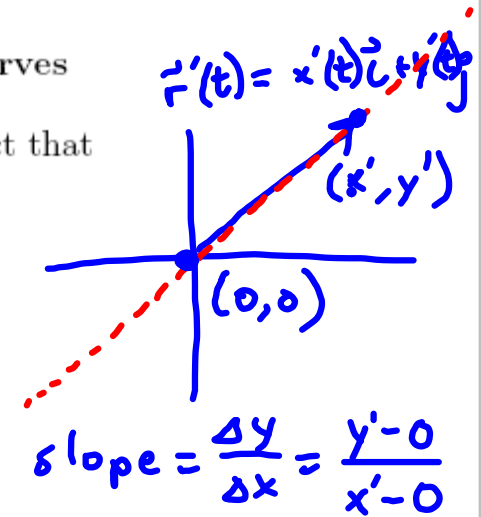


3.9-Slopes and Tangents of Parametrized Curves

To find the slope of the tangent line for a parametrized curve, use the fact that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}}$$



Examples:

Find an equation of the line tangent to the curve given by $x = 2 \cos t$, $y = 1 + \cos(2t)$ at the point where $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$

Slope: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{2 \sin(2t)}{-2 \sin t}$

$$m = \frac{\sin \frac{2\pi}{3}}{\sin \frac{\pi}{3}} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = 1$$

Alt: $\frac{2 \sin t \cos t}{\sin t} = 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{3} = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1$

Point: $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$, $x = 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{3} = 1$

$$y = 1 + \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Equation: $y - \frac{1}{2} = 1(x - 1)$ or $y = x - \frac{1}{2}$

Find an equation of the line tangent to the curve given by $x = t^2 + 2t$, $y = t^3 - t$ at the point $(3, 0)$.

Slope: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{3t^2 - 1}{2t + 2}$

$$m = \frac{3-1}{2+2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Find t:

$$\begin{aligned} x = t^2 + 2t = 3 & & y = t^3 - t = 0 \\ t^2 + 2t - 3 = 0 & & t(t^2 - 1) = 0 \\ (t+3)(t-1) = 0 & & t(t+1)(t-1) = 0 \\ t = -3, t = 1 & & t = 0, t = -1, t = 1 \end{aligned}$$

BOTH →

Point: $t=1$
 $x = 1^2 + 2 \cdot 1 = 3$
 $y = 1^3 - 1 = 0$ GIVEN! $(3, 0)$

Equation: $y - 0 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 3)$ OR
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$

Find the points on the curve $x = 4t - t^2$, $y = 1 + t^2$ where the tangent line is horizontal or vertical

Horizontal:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$2t = 0$$

$$t = 0$$

Find x and y

$$x = 4(0) - 0^2 = 0$$

$$y = 1 + 0^2 = 1$$

$(0, 1)$ Horiz

Vertical:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ undef}$$

$$\frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} \text{ undef when } \frac{dx}{dt} = 0$$

$$4 - 2t = 0$$

$$t = 2$$

Find x and y

$$x = 4(2) - 2^2 = 4$$

$$y = 1 + 2^2 = 5$$

$(4, 5)$ Vert.