Compiled by Joe Kahlig

- 1. A = P(1 + rt) $A = 5000 * (1 + 0.06 * \frac{8}{12})$ Answer: A = \$52002. I = Prt116.10 = P * 0.09 * 1.5Answer: P = \$8603. (a) I = Prt $38 = 600 * r * \frac{\circ}{12}$ r = 0.095Answer: 9.5%(b) I = Prt38 = 600 * r * 8r = 0.0079167Answer: 0.79167% 4. I = Prt $10000 - 9562.56 = 9562.56 * r * \frac{26}{52}$ $437.44 = 9562.56 * r * \frac{26}{52}$ Answer: 9.1490% 5. (a) 7.1247% (b) 7.3427%
- 6. (a) \$156.80
 - (b) \$3843.2
- 7. \$ 482.94
- $8.\ 35.2941\%$
- $9. \ \$2383.33$
- 10. Investment #1: 8.7% compounded annually $\mathrm{Eff}(8.7,\,2)\,=\,8.889225\%$

Investment #2: 8.6% compounded monthly

Eff(8.6, 12) = 8.9472%

Answer: 8.6% compunded monthly is the better investment.

- 11. Eff(12,4) = 12.550881%
- 12. (a) N=4*6; I=5; PV=-1000; PMT = 0; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for FV. Answer: \$1,347.35
 - (b) Eff(5,4) = 5.0945%

- 13. N=5*12; PV=-2000; PMT=0; FV=8450.5; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for I; Answer: 29.17%
- 14. N=6*2; I=4; PV=-3400; PMT=0; P/Y=C/Y=2; Solve for FV; FV=4312.02;
 Interest earned: 4312.02-3400 =\$912.02
- 15. N=4*4; I=4.5; PMT=0; FV=7000; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for PV; Answer: \$5,852.77
- 16. N=4*12; I=10; PMT=0; FV=3000; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PV; Answer: \$2,014.30
- N=3*6; I=-15; PMT=0; FV=375.78; P/Y=C/Y=3; solve for PV; Answer: \$946.04
- N=20*1; I=7; PMT=0; FV=10000; P/Y=C/Y=1; Solve for PV; Answer: \$2,584.19
- 19. (a) N=5*12; I=12; PV=50000; PMT=0; P/Y=C/Y=12. solving gives FV=90,834.83Interest = 90,834.83-50,000 = \$40,834.83
 - (b) N=4*12; I=5; PV=0; FV=90834.83; P/Y=C/Y=12. Solve for payment. Answer: 1,713.38
- 20. (a) N=2*20; I=6.25; PV=0; PMT=-300; P/Y=C/Y=2; Solve for FV; Answer: \$23,272.27
 - (b) 300 * 2 * 20 = 12,000
 - (c) 23272.27 12000 = \$11, 272.27.
- 21. (a) N=3*12; I=5; PV=0; PMT=-50; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Answer: \$1,937.67
 - (b) 1937.67 3 * 12 * 50 = \$137.67
- 22. (a) N=4*5; I=7; PV=-500; Pmt=solve for this; Fv=6000; P/y=C/y=4 Answer: 223.30
 - (b) N=15; I=7; PV=-500; Pmt=-223.30; Fv=solve for this; P/y=C/y=4 Answer: \$4,441.24
 - (c) Method 1: balance after 15 payments = 4441.24balance after 14 payments = 4145.40Answer: 4441.24-4145.40-223.30 = 72.54

Method 2: Balance after 14 payments * i Answer: 4145.40 * 0.07/4 = \$72.54

- (d) Balance after 12th period (end of 3rd year) = 3568.89balance after 8th period (end of 2rd year) = 2474.17payments made in the 3rd year: 223.30 * 4 = 893.20Answer: 3568.89 - 2474.17 - 893.20 = 201.52
- 23. N=4*5; I=6; PV=-500; PMT=-150; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for FV; Answer: \$4141.98
- 24. N=2*10; I=8; PV=0; PMT=-1000; P/Y=C/Y=2; Solve for FV; Answer: \$29,778.08
- 25. (a) N=4*12; I=7; PMT=-100; FV=7000; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PV; Answer: 1,118.77
 - (b) N=20; I=7; PV=-1118.77; PMT=-100; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Answer: 33,371.60
 - (c) Method 1: balance after 20 payments=3371.60
 balance after 19 payments=3252.62
 Answer: 3371.60 3252.62 100 = 18.98
 - Method 2: balance after 19 payments * i Answer: 3252.62 * 0.07/12 = \$18.97 (difference due to rounding)
 - (d) balance after 36th period(end of 3rd year) = 5372.37 balance after 24th period(end of 2rd year) = 3854.47 payments made in the 3rd year: 100 * 12 = 1200Answer: 5372.37 - 3854.47 - 1200 = 317.90
- 26. N=5*12; I=7; PV=-30000; FV=100000; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT; Answer: \$802.75
- 27. (a) N=16*12; I=6.4; PMT=1500; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PV; Answer: \$17,9962.30
 - (b) N=16*12; I=3.4; PMT=1500; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PV; Answer: \$22,0281.51
 - (c) total of payments sold: 1500 * 12 * 16 = \$288000He would have recieved 288000 - 179962.30 = \$108037.7 if he didn't sell.
- 28. 78 payments is 78/4=19.5 years
 - (a) N=19.5*4; I=2.5; PMT=6000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for PV; Answer: 369511.36
 - (b) N=19.5*4; I=5.7; PMT=6000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for PV; Answer: \$281407.72

- (c) total of payments sold: 6000 * 78 = \$468000
 You would have recieved 468000 369511.36 = \$98488.64 if he didn't sell.
- 29. (a) End of 5 years: N=5*12;I=5;PV=-1000: PMT=-75; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Balance at the end of the 5 years is 6,383.81At end of next 6 years: I = 6.25;PV = -6383.81;N=6*12;PMT=-75; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Balance at the end of the next 6 years is \$15,810.85 At the end: N=4*12;I = 5;PV=-15810.85; PMT=-75; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Answer: \$25,043.49
 - (b) amount deposited: = 1000+75*12*15=145000Interest = 25043.49-145000 = \$10,543.49
- N=4*4; I=8; PMT=1000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for PV;

Answer: \$1,3577.71

31. N=5*12 ; I=9 ; PV=20000 ; FV=0 ; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT;

Answer: \$415.17

- 32. (a) N=6*12 ; I=18 ; PV=16000 ; FV=0 ; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT; Answer: \$364.92
 - (b) amount paid = 12*6*364.92 = \$26,274.24Interest= 26274.24-16000 = \$10,274.24
 - (c) amortization schedule

| | interest | | amt. toward | outstanding |
|--------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| period | owed | payment | principal | principal |
| 0 | | _ | _ | 16000 |
| 1 | 240 | 364.92 | 124.92 | 15875.08 |
| 2 | 238.13 | 364.92 | 126.79 | 15748.29 |

33. amortization schedule

| | interest | | amt. toward | outstanding |
|--------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| period | owed | payment | principal | principal |
| 0 | | | | 8000 |
| 1 | 100 | 300 | 200 | 7800 |
| 2 | 97.5 | 300 | 202.50 | 7597.5 |

- 34. (a) N=1.5*12; I=19.2; PV=800; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT; Answer: \$51.50
 - (b) amount paid = 1.5*12*51.50 = \$927.00interest = 927.00-800 = \$127

(c) amortization schedule

| | interest | | amt. toward | outstanding |
|--------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| period | owed | payment | principal | principal |
| 0 | | | | 800 |
| 1 | 12.8 | 51.50 | 38.7 | 761.30 4 |
| 2 | 12.18 | 51.50 | 39.32 | 721.98 |
| 3 | 11.55 | 51.50 | 39.95 | 682.03 |
| 4 | 10.91 | 51.50 | 40.59 | 641.44 |

- 35. (a) N=45*12; I=6; PV=-1000; PMT=-150; P/Y=C/Y=12; solve for FV Answer: \$428,178.85
 - (b) N=15*12; I=6; PV=428178.85; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; solve for PMT Answer: \$3613.22
- 36. First figure out how much money is needed in the account so he can receive these payments. N=15*4; I=6; PMT=6000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve

for PV; To receive these payments he needs 236,281.61 in the account when he turns 65.

Now figure out the payments to get to this amount. N=40*4; I=6; PV=0; FV=236281.61; P/Y=C/Y=4; Solve for PMT; He needs to make quarterly deposits of 360.61

- 37. (a) I=8.5; PV=-210000; PMT=2000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for N; N = 192.906. this says that there are 192 full months and 0.906 of a month. Every month you withdraw 2000, Answer: 192 full payments.
 - (b) Method 1: N=1; I=8.5; PV=-210000; FV=210000; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for Pmt; Pmt = 1487.50 Method 2: ballance * i 210000 * 0.085/12 = 1487.5 Answer: \$1,487.5
- 38. bob borrows 285,000-60,000 = 225,000
 - (a) N=20*12; I=9.5; PV=225000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for Pmt; Answer: 2097.30
 - (b) N=5*12; I=9.5; PV=225000; PMT=-2097.30; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Answer: 200846.75
 - (c) N=12*12; I=9.5; PV=225000; PMT=-2097.30; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Answer:14,0654.00
- 39. Setp 1: Find the payments. N=6*12; I=3; PV=30000; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for Pmt; Pmt = 455.81

Step 2: Find the future ballance.

N=3*12; I=3; PV=30000; PMT=-455.81; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV; Answer: \$15,673.71

. N=12*4; I=5; PV=28000; FV=-9000; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT Answer: \$475.06

1. N=5*12; I=4.5; Pmt=800; Fv=0; P/y=C/y=12; Solve for PV

Answer:\$42911.50

42. N=12*3; I=15; PV=solve for this; Pmt=-30; Fv=0; P/y =C/y=12;
You have borrowed \$865.42 and when you add this to

You have borrowed \$865.42 and when you add this to the down payment you get the price.

Answer:\$1465.42

43. N=12*3; I=8; PV=solve for this; Pmt=-75; Fv=0; P/y =C/y=12;
You have borrowed \$2393.39 and when you add this to the down payment you get the price.

Answer: \$3193.39

- 44. (a) N= 4*12; I%=6.5; PMT=-625; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; solve for PV. He still owes = 26,483.25
 - (b) N= 8.5*4; I%=4.5; PMT=-1500; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=4; solve for PV. He still owes = \$42,185.04
 - (c) Consolidated loan N=6*12 I=5.1% PV=26483.25 + 42185.04 PMT=solve FV=0 P/Y=C/Y=12Monthly Payment = \$1,109.09
 - (d) Pays back with the consolidated loan: 1109.09*12*6 = 79854.48Pays back on original loans: Loan 1: 625*4*12 = 30000Loan 2: 1500*4*8.5 = 51000Total paid back: \$81,000 Bob will save 81,000-79,854.48 = \$1,145.52
- 45. down payment = 185000 * 0.08 = 14800
 - (a) N=12*15; I=6.36; PV=170200; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT Monthly payment: \$1,469.56Total Paid = 1469.56*12*15 = 264520.8 Interest owed: 264520.8-170200 = \$94,320.80
 - (b) Monthly payment: \$ 1,060.16 Interest owed: \$211,457.60

| 1 | | interest | | amt. toward | outstanding |
|---|--------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | period | owed | payment | principal | principal |
| | 0 | | | | 170200 |
| | 1 | 902.06 | 1060.16 | 158.10 | 170041.9 |
| | 2 | 901.22 | 1060.16 | 158.94 | 169882.96 |
| | 3 | 900.38 | 1060.16 | 159.78 | 169723.18 |

(d) still owe after 8 years: $N=12^{*}8$; I=6.36; PV=170200; PMT=-1060.16; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV still owe = 150480.43 equity = 185000-150480.43 = \$34519.57

- 46. (a) N=12*5; I=5.75; PV=146000; PMT=-1100.; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV still owe = 118241.67 Equity = 146000-118241.67 = 27758.33
 - (b) N=12*10; I=5.75; PV=146000; PMT=-1100.; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV still owe = 81262.71 Equity = 146000-81262.71 = \$64737.29

47. max payment:

N= 25*12; I%=5.45; PMT=-1275; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; solve for PV. amount borrowed = 208,638.41 house price =

amount borrowed = \$208,638.41 house price = \$208,638.41 + \$20,000 = \$228,638.41

Min Payment:

N=25*12; I%=5.45; PMT=-900; FV=0; P/Y=C/Y=12; solve for PV.

amount borrowed = \$147,274.17 house price = \$147,274.17 + \$20,000 = \$167,274.17

Answer: between \$167,274.17 and \$228,638.41

- 48. (a) First figure out how much he still owes on the loan. still owe: \$74997.89 now solve for the new payments with a 15 year loan. don't forget to add the fee to what he is borrowing. new payments: \$629.14
 - (b) Figure out what will be paid out for the remainder of the loan with both options.
 no refinance: 568.83*12*21 = 143345.16
 refinance: 629.14*12*15 = 113245.2
 Phillip will save \$30,099.96 by refinancing.
- 49. (a) I= 18; PV= 2000; PMT = -35; FV = 0; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for N and you get 130.697. So it will take 131 payments to pay off the balance, i.e. 10 years and 11 months.
 - (b) N=130; I= 18; PV= 2000; PMT = -35; P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for FV and you get that the balance will be \$24.12. But, you will still owe one more month of interest on this amount at the end of the next month.

N=1; I= 18; PV=24.12; FV=0, P/Y=C/Y=12; Solve for PMT and you get 24.48 which is your last payment to pay off the credit card. Total paid: 35(130) + 24.48(1) = 4574.48Interest paid: 4574.48-2000 = 2574.48

(c) 5 years and 2 months. Interest paid: \$1077.24