

## Problems:

1. Find the critical points of the following functions.

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{7-x}{x+1}$$
  
(b)  $q(x) = (x^3 - 12x)^{1/3}$ 

- 2. Find the absolute maximum and minimum of each of the following functions on the given interval.
  - (a)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  on [1,5].

(b) 
$$g(x) = -5x^3$$
 on [-2,4].

- (c)  $h(x) = x^2 e^{-x}$  on [0,4].
- 3. Find the global max and global min values (if exist) of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+5, & -4 < x \le -1\\ 3-x^2, & -1 < x < 3\\ 5-x, & 3 \le x < 4 \end{cases}$$

- 4. Classify the local extrema of f(x) given  $f'(x) = (x-3)^5(x+1)(x+7)^8$ .
- 5. If  $f'(x) = x(4x-1)^{2/3}$ , find where the function is concave up. Are there any points of inflection?
- 6. If  $f(x) = x^2 \ln\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)$ , find where the function is concave up. Are there any points of inflection?
- 7. Sketch a graph of a continuous function where x = -1 is a critical point, but the function has no local extrema.
- 8. Sketch a graph of a continuous function where x = 3 is a local minimum and the function is not differentiable at x = 3
- 9. Does  $f(x) = x \sin(x) + \cos(x)$  satisfies the Mean Value Theorem on  $[0, 2\pi]$ ? Find all c that satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.
- 10. Let P = P(t) be the size of a population. Suppose that P is continuous on [0,20] and differentiable on (0,20). Given P(0) = 50 and the growth rate satisfies  $1 \le P' \le 5$ , what are the max and min possible values of P(20)?