

MATH 407, FINAL, FALL 2006

Show all steps for credit. Each question is worth 10 pts.

Q1. In the region $1 < |z| < 2$, find the Laurent series for

$$\frac{z - 2}{(z + 1)(z + 2)}.$$

Q2. Let $k > 0$ be a constant. Evaluate

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\log x}{x^2 + k^2} dx.$$

Q3. Evaluate

$$\int_{|z|=1} \frac{\cosh z}{z^4} dz.$$

Q4. Let γ be any curve joining $3 + 4i$ to $3 - 4i$ without crossing the non-negative x -axis. Evaluate

$$\int_\gamma \frac{1}{z} dz.$$

If you use a Logarithm, carefully explain which branch you are using.

Q5. Let

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{(\bar{z})^2}{z} & \text{when } z \neq 0, \\ 0 & \text{when } z = 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that the Cauchy-Riemann equations are satisfied at the origin $z = 0$ and nowhere else.

Q6. Evaluate

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{5 + 4 \cos \theta} d\theta.$$

Q7. Evaluate

$$\int_{|z|=2} \frac{\sin(\pi z)}{z(z-1)^2} dz.$$

Q8. Evaluate

$$\int_{|z|=1} \frac{e^z}{\sin z} dz.$$

Q9.

- (i) State Cauchy's integral formulas for $f^{(n)}(0)$ as an integral around $|z| = R$.
- (ii) Let f be an entire function satisfying $|f(z)| \leq |z|$. By letting $R \rightarrow \infty$ in (i), show that $f^{(n)}(0) = 0$ for $n \geq 2$.

Q10. Evaluate

$$\int_{|z|=1} \frac{(z+1)e^{1/z}}{z^3} dz.$$