3.9: Slopes and tangents of parametric curves

Consider a curve C given by the parametric equations

$$x = x(t), \quad y = y(t),$$

or in vector form:

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t) \rangle \,.$$

If both x(t) and y(t) are differentiable, then

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle x'(t), y'(t) \rangle$$

is a vector that is tangent to C. Its slope is:

$$slope =$$

Another way to see this is by using the Chain Rule. We have y = y(x(t)) and then

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t}$$

which implies

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t}}{\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t}}$$

EXAMPLE 1. Find the equation of tangent line to the curve

$$x(t) = \sin t, \quad y(t) = \tan t$$

at the point corresponding to $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

EXAMPLE 2. Find the equation of tangent line to the curve

$$x(t) = t + 1, \quad y(t) = t^2 + 4$$

at the (2, 5).

EXAMPLE 3. Find the points on the curve

$$x = t + t^2, \quad y = t^2 - t$$

where the tangent lines are horizontal and there they are vertical.

EXAMPLE 4. Show that the curve

 $x = \cos t, \quad y = \cos t \sin t$

has two tangents at (0,0) and find their equations.