Math 220 Practice for Exam 2

1. Let $a_1 = 1$, $a_2 = 9$, and $a_{n+1} = 9a_n - 20a_{n-1}$ for all $n \ge 2$. Prove that for all positive integers n, $a_n = 5^n - 4^n$.

2. Let $a_1 = 3$, $a_2 = 5$, and $a_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}(a_n + a_{n-1})$ for all $n \ge 2$. Prove that for all positive integers $n, 3 \le a_n \le 5$.

3. Consider the following two sets:

$$S = \{ n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n = 3x + 6y \text{ for some } x, y \in \mathbb{Z} \},$$

$$T = \{ n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n = 3x + 2y \text{ for some } x, y \in \mathbb{Z} \}$$

(a) Is $S \subseteq T$? Justify your answer.

(b) Is $T \subseteq S$? Justify your answer.

4. Consider the following statement.

P: For all sets A and B, $(A \cup B) - (A \cap B) = (A - B) \cup (B - A)$.

(a) Just for this part, let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $B = \{0, 2, 4\}$. Find the following sets: $A \cup B = A \cap B =$

$$A - B = B - A =$$
$$(A \cup B) - (A \cap B) = (A - B) \cup (B - A) =$$

(b) Draw a Venn diagram to illustrate the statement P in general.

(c) Prove the statement P.

5. (a) [5] Let $B = \{2, 3, 5, 8\}$ and $C = \{3, 7\}$. Find $B \times C$ (that is, write out all the elements of this set).

(b) Prove that for all sets A, B, and C, if $A \subseteq B$, then $A \times C \subseteq B \times C$.

6. For each positive integer i, let $A_i = \left[-\frac{1}{i}, \frac{i}{i+1}\right]$. In the following, you need not prove that your answers are correct. (a) Find $A_1 \cup A_2$ and $A_1 \cap A_2$.

(b) Find $\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}^+} A_i$ and $\bigcap_{i \in \mathbb{Z}^+} A_i$.

7. Let $f : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$ be defined by $f(n) = \begin{cases} n-2, & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ 2n, & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$ (a) Is f injective? Justify your answer.

(b) What is the range of f? Justify your answer.

8. Let $A = \{r, s, t\}$. Let f and g be the functions from A to A defined by

$$f(r) = t$$
, $f(s) = r$, $f(t) = s$,
 $g(r) = s$, $g(s) = t$, $g(t) = t$.

(a) Find the function $f \circ g$ (i.e., specify its values on each element of A).

(b) Which of the two functions f, g is invertible? For each that is invertible, find its inverse function (by specifying its values on each element of A).

9. For each of the following functions, state whether it is invertible or not. You need not justify your answer.

(a) $f : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$ defined by f(x) = 3x + 2 for all $x \in \mathbb{Z}$.

(b) $f : \mathbb{Q} \to \mathbb{Q}$ defined by f(x) = 3x + 2 for all $x \in \mathbb{Q}$.

(c) $f: \mathbb{Q} \to \mathbb{Q}$ defined by $f(x) = x^3$ for all $x \in \mathbb{Q}$.

(d) $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = x^3$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.