Math 220 Practice for Exam 2

1. Let $a_{1}=1, a_{2}=9$, and $a_{n+1}=9 a_{n}-20 a_{n-1}$ for all $n \geq 2$. Prove that for all positive integers $n, a_{n}=5^{n}-4^{n}$.
2. Let $a_{1}=3, a_{2}=5$, and $a_{n+1}=\frac{1}{2}\left(a_{n}+a_{n-1}\right)$ for all $n \geq 2$. Prove that for all positive integers $n, 3 \leq a_{n} \leq 5$.
3. Consider the following two sets:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& S=\{n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n=3 x+6 y \text { for some } x, y \in \mathbb{Z}\} \\
& T=\{n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n=3 x+2 y \text { for some } x, y \in \mathbb{Z}\}
\end{aligned}
$$

(a) Is $S \subseteq T$ ? Justify your answer.
(b) Is $T \subseteq S$ ? Justify your answer.
4. Consider the following statement.

P: For all sets $A$ and $B,(A \cup B)-(A \cap B)=(A-B) \cup(B-A)$.
(a) Just for this part, let $A=\{1,2,3,4\}$ and $B=\{0,2,4\}$. Find the following sets:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
A \cup B= & A \cap B= \\
A-B= & B-A= \\
(A \cup B)-(A \cap B)= & (A-B) \cup(B-A)=
\end{array}
$$

(b) Draw a Venn diagram to illustrate the statement P in general.
(c) Prove the statement P.
5. (a) [5] Let $B=\{2,3,5,8\}$ and $C=\{3,7\}$. Find $B \times C$ (that is, write out all the elements of this set).
(b) Prove that for all sets $A, B$, and $C$, if $A \subseteq B$, then $A \times C \subseteq B \times C$.
6. For each positive integer $i$, let $A_{i}=\left[-\frac{1}{i}, \frac{i}{i+1}\right]$. In the following, you need not prove that your answers are correct.
(a) Find $A_{1} \cup A_{2}$ and $A_{1} \cap A_{2}$.
(b) Find $\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}} A_{i}$ and $\bigcap_{i \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}} A_{i}$.
7. Let $f: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ be defined by $f(n)= \begin{cases}n-2, & \text { if } n \text { is even } \\ 2 n, & \text { if } n \text { is odd }\end{cases}$ (a) Is $f$ injective? Justify your answer.
(b) What is the range of $f$ ? Justify your answer.
8. Let $A=\{r, s, t\}$. Let $f$ and $g$ be the functions from $A$ to $A$ defined by

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
f(r)=t, & f(s)=r, & f(t)=s \\
g(r)=s, & g(s)=t, & g(t)=t
\end{array}
$$

(a) Find the function $f \circ g$ (i.e., specify its values on each element of $A$ ).
(b) Which of the two functions $f, g$ is invertible? For each that is invertible, find its inverse function (by specifying its values on each element of $A$ ).
9. For each of the following functions, state whether it is invertible or not. You need not justify your answer.
(a) $f: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ defined by $f(x)=3 x+2$ for all $x \in \mathbb{Z}$.
(b) $f: \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$ defined by $f(x)=3 x+2$ for all $x \in \mathbb{Q}$.
(c) $f: \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$ defined by $f(x)=x^{3}$ for all $x \in \mathbb{Q}$.
(d) $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x)=x^{3}$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

