$\qquad$ ID. $\qquad$

Quiz 2
Spring 2007
Sections 509

| $1-4$ | $/ 20$ |
| :---: | ---: |
| 5 | $/ 5$ |
| Total | $/ 25$ |

Multiple Choice \& Work Out: (5 points each)

1. Find the equation of the line through the point $P=(4,3,2)$ in the direction $\vec{v}=(1,2,-1)$. Where does this line pass through the $x y$-plane?
a. $(2,-1,0)$
b. $(6,7,0)$
c. $(2,1,0)$
d. $(6,-7,0)$
e. $\left(3, \frac{7}{2}, 0\right)$
2. Find the equation of the plane through the point $P=(1,3,2)$ with normal $\vec{N}=(4,2,-2)$. Where does this plane pass through the $z$-axis?
a. $(0,0,-3)$
b. $(0,0,-1)$
c. $(0,0,1)$
d. $(0,0,3)$
e. $(0,0,6)$
3. Classify the curve $x^{2}-y^{2}-6 x-4 y=-6$
a. circle with center $(3,-2)$
b. circle with center $(-3,2)$
c. hyperbola opening left and right
d. hyperbola opening up and down
e. parabola with vertex $(-3,2)$
4. Classify the surface $x^{2}+y^{2}-4 x-4 y+z=-4$
a. hyperboloid of 1 sheet
b. hyperboloid of 2 sheets
c. hyperbolic paraboloid
d. elliptic paraboloid opening up
e. elliptic paraboloid opening down
5. Find the point where the line $\frac{x-1}{-1}=\frac{y-5}{2}=z-6$ intersects the plane $3 x-2 y+z=11$. HINT: Use the line to write $x$ and $y$ as functions of $z$. Solve this on the back of the Scantron. Show all work.
