Name		Sec	1-10	/50	14	/11
MATH 251 Honors	Exam 1	Spring 2011	11	/11	15	/11
Section 500		P. Yasskin	12	/11		
Multiple Choice: (5 points each. No part credit.)			13	/11	Total	/105

- 1. Consider the line  $X = P + t\vec{v}$  where P = (2,3,2) and  $\vec{v} = (2,-1,2)$ . Drop a perpendicular from the point Q = (-1,0,5) to a point *R* on the line. Then R = HINT: Draw a figure.
  - **a**.  $\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right)$
  - **b.**  $\left(\frac{8}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{8}{3}\right)$
  - **c.**  $\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right)$
  - **d**. (4,2,4)
  - $\mathbf{e}. \ \left(\frac{8}{3}, \frac{10}{3}, \frac{8}{3}\right)$
- **2.** If  $\vec{u}$  is 5 cm long and points 30° WEST of NORTH and  $\vec{v}$  is 4 cm long and points 30° EAST of NORTH, then  $\vec{u} \times \vec{v}$  is
  - **a**. 10 cm long and points DOWN.
  - **b**. 10 cm long and points UP.
  - c. 10 cm long and points SOUTH.
  - **d**.  $10\sqrt{3}$  cm long and points DOWN.
  - **e**.  $10\sqrt{3}$  cm long and points SOUTH.
- **3**. Find the point where the line (x, y, z) = (3 2t, 2 t, 1 + t) intersects the plane x + y + 3z = 2. At this point, x + y + z =
  - **a**. 2
  - **b**. 4
  - **c**. 6
  - **d**. 8
  - e. The line does not intersect the plane.

4. The graph of the equation  $x^2 + 4x - y^2 + 4y + z^2 + 2z = -1$  is a

- **a**. hyperboloid of one sheet
- b. hyperboloid of two sheets
- c. cone
- d. hyperbolic paraboloid
- e. hyperbolic cylinder

- **5**. For the helix  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, \sin(4t), \cos(4t))$ , which of the following is FALSE?
  - **a**.  $\vec{v} = (3, 4\cos(4t), -4\sin(4t))$
  - **b**.  $\vec{a} = (0, -16\sin(4t), -16\cos(4t))$
  - **c**.  $\vec{j} = (0, -64\cos(4t), 64\sin(4t))$
  - **d**. speed = 25
  - e. arclength between (0,0,1) and  $(3\pi,0,1)$  is  $5\pi$

**6**. For the helix  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, \sin(4t), \cos(4t))$ , which of the following is FALSE?

**a.** 
$$\hat{T} = \left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\cos(4t), -\frac{4}{5}\sin(4t)\right)$$
  
**b.**  $\hat{N} = (0, -\sin(4t), -\cos(4t))$   
**c.**  $\hat{B} = \left(-\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5}\cos(4t), -\frac{3}{5}\sin(4t)\right)$   
**d.**  $a_T = 0$   
**e.**  $a_N = 16$ 

**7**. Which of the following is the contour plot of  $f(x,y) = y^2 + x + 1$ ?



8. If P(2,3) = 5 and  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial x}(2,3) = 0.4$  and  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y}(2,3) = -0.3$ , estimate P(2.1,2.8). a. 4.9 b. 4.98 c. 4.99 d. 5.01

**e**. 5.1

- **9**. Currently for a certain box, the length L is 5 cm and increasing at 0.2 cm/sec, the width W is 4 cm and decreasing at 0.3 cm/sec, the height H is 3 cm and increasing at 0.1 cm/sec. Then currently, the volume V is
  - **a**. increasing at 0.1 cm/sec.
  - **b**. decreasing at 0.1 cm/sec.
  - **c**. increasing at 0.2 cm/sec.
  - **d**. decreasing at 0.2 cm/sec.
  - **e**. increasing at 0.3 cm/sec.

**10**. The temperature of a frying pan is  $T = \frac{1}{1 + x^2 + 4y^2}$ . An ant is located at (2,1). In what **unit vector** direction should the ant move to **decrease** the temperature as fast as possible?

- **a**. (-1,-2)
- **b**. (1,2)
- **c**. (1,-2)

**d.** 
$$\left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{-2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$$
  
**e.**  $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$ 

Work Out: (Points indicated. Part credit possible. Show all work.)

**11.** (11 points) Find the mass of the helical wire  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, \sin(4t), \cos(4t))$  from (0, 0, 1) to  $(3\pi, 0, 1)$  if its linear density is  $\rho = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ .

**12.** (11 points) A bead slides along the helix  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, \sin(4t), \cos(4t))$  from (0, 0, 1) to  $(3\pi, 0, 1)$  under the action of the force  $\vec{F} = (x, xy, xz)$ . Find the work done.

**13.** (11 points) Find the volume of the parallelepiped with edges  $\vec{u} = (2,0,1,0), \quad \vec{v} = (0,3,2,0)$  and  $\vec{w} = (1,0,0,2)$  in  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

14. (11 points) Find the plane tangent to the level surface  $x \sin z + y \cos z = 3$  at the point  $(x, y, z) = (3, 2, \frac{\pi}{2})$ . Find the *z*-intercept.

**15**. (11 points) Determine whether or not each of these limits exists. If it exists, find its value.

**a.** 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{xy^3}{x^2 + 3y^6}$$

**b.** 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^6 + y^6}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

**c.** 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x+xy^2}{x+x^3}$$