Name\_\_\_\_\_ Sec\_\_\_\_

MATH 251/253

Exam 1

Spring 2008

Sections 508,200,501,502

Version B

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Multiple Choice: (4 points each. No part credit.)
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1-15		/60	17	/15
16		/15	18	/15
Total			/105	

- 1. The triangle with vertices A = (4,1,5), B = (2,3,4) and C = (3,5,2) is
  - a. equilateral
  - b. isosceles but not right
  - c. right but not isosceles
  - d. isosceles and right
  - e. scalene

- **2**. Find the area of the triangle with vertices A = (4,1,5), B = (2,3,4) and C = (3,5,2).
  - **a**.  $\frac{65}{2}$
  - **b**. 65
  - **c**. 130
  - **d**.  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{65}$
  - **e**.  $\sqrt{65}$

- **3**. Find an equation of the plane containing the points A = (4,1,5), B = (2,3,4) and C = (3,5,2).
  - **a**. 2x + 5y + 6z = 43
  - **b**. 2x 5y + 6z = 33
  - **c**. 2x 5y 6z = -27
  - **d**. 2x + 5y 6z = -17
  - **e**. 2x 5y + 6z = 13

- **4.** Find the point where the line  $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-3}{3} = \frac{z-4}{4}$  intersects the plane x+y-z=2. Then x+y+z=
  - **a**. 2
  - **b**. 14
  - **c**. 18
  - **d**. 22
  - **e**. 28

5. Which of the following is the equation of the surface?

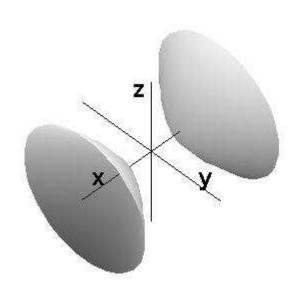
**a.** 
$$-x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = -1$$

**b**. 
$$-x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 0$$

**c.** 
$$-x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$$

**d.** 
$$x + y^2 + z^2 = 0$$

**e**. 
$$x - y^2 - z^2 = 0$$



- **6.** Find the line tangent to the curve  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, 3t^2, 2t^3)$  at the point (3,3,2).
  - **a.**  $(x,y,z) = (3+3t,3+3t^2,2+2t^3)$
  - **b**.  $(x,y,z) = (3+3t,3-6t^2,2+6t^3)$
  - **c**.  $(x,y,z) = (3+3t,3+6t^2,2+6t^3)$
  - **d**. (x,y,z) = (3+3t,3+6t,2+6t)
  - **e**. (x,y,z) = (3+3t,3-6t,2+6t)

- 7. Find the arc length of the curve  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, 3t^2, 2t^3)$  between (0,0,0) and (3,3,2).
  - **a**. 1
  - **b**. 2
  - **c**. 3
  - **d**. 4
  - **e**. 5

- **8**. Find the tangential acceleration of the curve  $\vec{r}(t) = (3t, 3t^2, 2t^3)$ .
  - **a**.  $3t 2t^3$
  - **b**.  $3t + 2t^3$
  - **c**. 12*t*
  - **d**. 36*t*
  - **e**. 6*t*

**9**. A jet fighter flies along the parabola  $z=x^2$  in the xz-plane toward increasing values of x. Then, . . .

HINT: There are no computations.

- **a**.  $\hat{N} = (0, 0, 1)$  at all times.
- **b**.  $\hat{N} = (0, 0, -1)$  at all times.
- **c**.  $\hat{N} = (1,0,1)$  at all times.
- **d**.  $\hat{B} = (0, 1, 0)$  at all times.
- **e**.  $\hat{B} = (0, -1, 0)$  at all times.

- **10.** If  $f(x,y) = x^2 e^{xy}$ , which of the following is FALSE?
  - **a**.  $f_x(2,1) = 8e^2$
  - **b**.  $f_y(2,1) = 8e^2$
  - **c**.  $f_{xx}(2,1) = 14e^2$
  - **d**.  $f_{yy}(2,1) = 4e^2$
  - **e**.  $f_{xy}(2,1) = 20e^2$

- **11.** Find the plane tangent to the graph of the function  $f(x,y) = x^3y^2$  at (x,y) = (2,1). The *z*-intercept is
  - **a**. −40
  - **b**. +32
  - **c**. -32
  - **d**. -8
  - **e**. +8

- **12**. Find the unit vector direction in which the function  $f(x,y) = x^3y^2$  increases most rapidly at the point (x,y) = (2,1).
  - **a**.  $\left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$
  - **b**.  $\left(-\frac{3}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}\right)$
  - **c**.  $\left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{5}\right)$
  - **d**.  $\left(-\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5}\right)$
  - **e**.  $\left(\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5}\right)$

- **13**. Find an equation of the plane tangent to the surface  $x^2z + yz^3 = 11$  at the point (x, y, z) = (3, 2, 1).
  - **a.** 6x y + 15z = 31
  - **b.** 6x + y + 15z = 35
  - **c**. 3x 2y + z = 6
  - **d**. 18x 2y + 15z = 65
  - **e**. 3x + 2y + z = 14

**14**. An arch has the shape of the semi-circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  for  $y \ge 0$  and has linear mass density given by  $\rho = 8 - y$  so it is less dense at the top. Find the total mass of the arch.

NOTE: The arch may be parametrized by  $\vec{r}(t) = (4\cos t, 4\sin t)$ .

- **a**.  $32\pi 16$
- **b**.  $32\pi 32$
- **c**.  $32\pi 64$
- **d**.  $32\pi$
- **e**.  $24\pi 16$

- 15. Find the center of mass of the arch of problem 14.
  - **a**.  $\left(0, \frac{4-\pi}{\pi-2}\right)$
  - **b**.  $\left(0, \frac{4-\pi}{\pi-1}\right)$
  - **c**.  $\left(0, \frac{4-\pi}{2\pi-1}\right)$
  - **d**.  $\left(0, \frac{8-\pi}{2\pi-1}\right)$
  - **e**.  $\left(0, \frac{8-\pi}{\pi-1}\right)$

Work Out: (15 points each. Part credit possible. Show all work.)

**16**. An object moves around **2 loops** of the helix  $\vec{r}(t) = (4\cos t, 4\sin t, 3t)$ 

from (4,0,0) to  $(4,0,12\pi)$  under the action of a force  $\vec{F}=(-y,x,z)$ .

Find the work done by the force.

17. A cardboard box has length  $L=50~{\rm cm}$ , width  $W=40~{\rm cm}$  and height  $H=30~{\rm cm}$ . The cardboard is  $0.2~{\rm cm}$  thick on each side and  $0.4~{\rm cm}$  thick on the top and bottom. Use differentials to estimate the volume of the cardboard used to make the box.

**18**. In a particular ideal gas the pressure, P, the temperature, T, and density,  $\rho$ , are related by  $P=10\rho T$ .

Currently, the temperature is  $T=300^{\circ}\text{K}$  and decreasing at  $2^{\circ}\text{K/hr}$  while the density is  $\rho=2\times10^{-4}~\text{gm/cm}^3$  and increasing at  $4\times10^{-6}~\text{gm/cm}^3/\text{hr}$ . Find the current pressure. Is it increasing or decreasing and at what rate?