

1. Consider the vector space  $W = \text{Span}(1, \sin^2 x, \cos^2 x, \sin x \cos x)$  with the usual addition and scalar multiplication of functions. Do the following 4 vectors

$$\vec{f}_1 = 1, \quad \vec{f}_2 = \sin^2 x, \quad \vec{f}_3 = \cos^2 x, \quad \vec{f}_4 = \sin x \cos x$$

form a basis? If yes, prove it. If no, pare it down to a basis and prove it is a basis.

2. Consider the vector space  $V = \text{Span}(1, e^x, e^{-x})$  with the usual addition and scalar multiplication of functions.

- a. Show  $\vec{e}_1 = 1$ ,  $\vec{e}_2 = e^x$  and  $\vec{e}_3 = e^{-x}$  are a basis for  $V$ . What is the dimension of  $V$ ?  
HINT: Since they already span  $V$ , all you need to show is linear independence.

- b. Show  $\vec{E}_1 = 1$ ,  $\vec{E}_2 = \sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$  and  $\vec{E}_3 = \cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$  are another basis for  $V$ .  
HINT: Why do you only need to show one of spanning or linear independence?

- c. Find  $C_{e \leftarrow E}$ , the change of basis matrix from the  $E$ -basis to the  $e$ -basis.

NOTE: If the bases are taken as rows:

$$e = (\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_3) = (1, e^x, e^{-x}) \quad \text{and} \quad E = (\vec{E}_1, \vec{E}_2, \vec{E}_3) = (1, \sinh x, \cosh x)$$

and the components of a vector  $\vec{v}$  are columns  $(\vec{v})_e$  and  $(\vec{v})_E$  satisfying  $\vec{v} = e(\vec{v})_e = E(\vec{v})_E$   
then this matrix satisfies:  $(\vec{v})_e = C_{e \leftarrow E} (\vec{v})_E$  and  $E = e C_{e \leftarrow E}$ .

- d. Find  $C_{E \leftarrow e}$ , the change of basis matrix from the  $e$ -basis to the  $E$ -basis.

- e. For the function  $q = 7 + 4 \sinh x - 2 \cosh x$ , find the components relative to the  $E$ -basis.  
Then use  $C_{e \leftarrow E}$  to find the components relative to the  $e$ -basis.

Then check your work by substituting  $\sinh x$  and  $\cosh x$  directly into the function.

- f. For the function  $r = 5 - 2e^x + 4e^{-x}$ , find the components relative to the  $e$ -basis.  
Then use  $C_{E \leftarrow e}$  to find the components of  $r$  relative to the  $E$ -basis.

Then check your work by substituting  $\sinh x$  and  $\cosh x$  into the answer.