## Sample problems for the final exam

Any problem may be altered or replaced by a different one!

**Problem 1** Find the point of intersection of the planes x + 2y - z = 1, x - 3y = -5, and 2x + y + z = 0 in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

**Problem 2** Consider a linear operator  $L: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by

$$L(\mathbf{v}) = (\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v}_1)\mathbf{v}_2$$
, where  $\mathbf{v}_1 = (1, 1, 1), \ \mathbf{v}_2 = (1, 2, 2).$ 

- (i) Find the matrix of the operator L.
- (ii) Find the dimensions of the range and the kernel of L.
- (iii) Find bases for the range and the kernel of L.

**Problem 3** Let  $\mathbf{v}_1 = (1,1,1)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_2 = (1,1,0)$ , and  $\mathbf{v}_3 = (1,0,1)$ . Let  $L : \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be a linear operator on  $\mathbb{R}^3$  such that  $L(\mathbf{v}_1) = \mathbf{v}_2$ ,  $L(\mathbf{v}_2) = \mathbf{v}_3$ ,  $L(\mathbf{v}_3) = \mathbf{v}_1$ .

- (i) Show that the vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3$  form a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (ii) Find the matrix of the operator L relative to the basis  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3$ .
- (iii) Find the matrix of the operator L relative to the standard basis.

**Problem 4** Let 
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

- (i) Find all eigenvalues of the matrix B.
- (ii) Find a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$  consisting of eigenvectors of B.
- (iii) Find an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$  consisting of eigenvectors of B.
- (iv) Find a diagonal matrix D and an invertible matrix U such that  $B = UDU^{-1}$ .

**Problem 5** Let V be a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$  spanned by vectors  $\mathbf{x}_1 = (1, 1, 0, 0), \mathbf{x}_2 = (2, 0, -1, 1),$  and  $\mathbf{x}_3 = (0, 1, 1, 0).$ 

- (i) Find the distance from the point  $\mathbf{y} = (0, 0, 0, 4)$  to the subspace V.
- (ii) Find the distance from the point  $\mathbf{y}$  to the orthogonal complement  $V^{\perp}$ .

**Problem 6** Consider a vector field  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = xyz\mathbf{e}_1 + xy\mathbf{e}_2 + x^2\mathbf{e}_3$ .

- (i) Find  $\operatorname{curl}(\mathbf{F})$ .
- (ii) Find the integral of the vector field  $\operatorname{curl}(\mathbf{F})$  along a hemisphere  $H=\{(x,y,z)\in\mathbb{R}^3: x^2+y^2+z^2=1,\ z\geq 0\}$ . Orient the hemisphere by the normal vector  $\mathbf{n}=(0,0,1)$  at the point (0,0,1).

**Problem 7** Find the area of a pentagon with vertices (0,0), (4,0), (5,2), (3,4), and (-1,2).