

① Homework #2 MATH 308 Solutions of additional problems for Honors section.

Problem 2(c) The difference here is that the volume of the water in the pond changes in time and satisfies

$$V'(t) = 10 - 9 = 1 \Rightarrow V(t) = V(0) + t = 200 + t$$

Therefore rate out = $\frac{Q(t)}{V(t)} r_{\text{out}} = \frac{9}{200+t} Q(t)$

(rate in is the same as in the previous setting)

\Rightarrow IVP is written as

$$\begin{cases} Q'(t) = 2 + 4 \sin 4t - \frac{9}{200+t} Q(t) \\ Q(0) = 60 \end{cases}$$

Problem 3 If $y' - 4y = 2t^2 \sqrt{y} \Leftrightarrow t y^{-1/2} y' - 4 y^{1/2} = 2t^2$ (1)

In this case $d = 1/2$ and the substitution is $v = y^{1/2}$

$v' = \frac{1}{2} y^{-1/2} y'$. So substituting to (1) we get

$$2t v' - 4v = 2t^2 \Leftrightarrow v' - \frac{2}{t} v = t$$

This is a linear equation that can be solved by the method of integrating factor: $P = -\frac{2}{t} \Rightarrow \mu' = -\frac{2}{t} \mu \Rightarrow \mu = e^{-\int \frac{2}{t} dt} = e^{-2 \ln t} = \frac{1}{t^2}$

$$\begin{aligned} (t^{-2} v)' &= \frac{1}{t} \Rightarrow t^{-2} v = \ln t + C \Rightarrow v = t^2 (\ln t + C) \\ y(t) &= t^4 (\ln t + C)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y(t) = (\sigma(t))^2 = t^4 (\ln t + C)^2$$

Problem 6 (b) $e^t \sec y - t \tan y + \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

Multiply by $e^{at \cos y}$: $e^{(a+1)t} - e^{at} \sin y + e^{at \cos y} \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$

$$P = e^{(a+1)t} - e^{at} \sin y \quad P_y = -e^{at} \cos y$$

$$Q = e^{at \cos y} \quad Q_t = a e^{at \cos y} \Rightarrow$$

$$P_y = Q_t \Rightarrow \boxed{a = -1}$$

In this case: $P = -e^{-t} \sin y + 1$

$$Q = e^{-t} \cos y$$

$$\begin{cases} P_t = -e^{-t} \sin y + 1 \\ Q_y = e^{-t} \cos y \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi = \int e^{-t} \cos y dy + h(t) = e^{-t} \sin y + h(t)$$

$$\varphi_t = \frac{d}{dt} (e^{-t} \sin y + h(t)) = -e^{-t} \sin y + h'(t) = -e^{-t} \sin y + 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$h'(t) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{we can take } h(t) = t \Rightarrow$$

$$\varphi = -e^{-t} \sin y + t \Rightarrow \text{general solution is}$$

$$e^{-t} \sin y + t = C \quad \text{or} \quad \sin y = (C-t)e^t \Rightarrow$$

$$y = \arcsin((C-t)e^t)$$