

## Math 152 Lab 1

Use Python to solve each problem.

1. The double-angle tangent formula is given by

$$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{2 \tan(\theta)}{1 - \tan^2(\theta)}$$

Define a variable  $\theta$  and verify this identity is true when  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{7}$  and when  $\theta = 110^\circ$

(NOTE:  $\theta$  may be defined as the numerical values OR symbolically as discussed in the Overview. Convert to radians first if necessary.

ALSO NOTE: you should either **simplify** your left and right-hand sides or, if that does not work, use the **evalf** command to convert your answers to decimals.)

2. An antiderivative of a function  $f$  is given by

$$\int f(ax) dx = \frac{\sin(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x \cos(ax)}{a}$$

- a) Find  $\int f(0.6x) dx$ .

- b) Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to find  $\int_{\pi/3}^{3\pi/2} f(0.6x) dx$ . Again use **evalf** to give a decimal approximation.

3. A sphere has a radius of 24cm.

- a) Find the volume ( $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ ) and surface area ( $S = 4\pi r^2$ ) of the sphere in **cubic inches** and **square inches** respectively.

- b) Suppose the box in the Overview was cut from an  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$  inch sheet of cardboard. It would then have dimensions  $x \times (8.5 - 2x) \times (11 - 2x)$ . Find the value(s) of  $x$  for which the volume of this box is 1% of the volume of the sphere.

- c) Find the value(s) of  $x$  for which the surface area of the box is 5% of the surface area of the sphere. (REMEMBER: the way the box was constructed, there is no top!)