## Complex analysis qualifying exam, August 2010.

1. Give the statements of the following:
(a) Montel's theorem;
(b) Schwarz's lemma.
2. Let $f$ be a meromorphic function in a neighborhood of the closed unit disk $\overline{\mathbb{D}}=\{|z| \leq 1\}$. Suppose that $\Im f$ does not have zeros on the unit circle $\mathbb{T}=\{|z|=1\}$. Prove that then the number of zeros of $f$ inside $\mathbb{T}$ is equal to the number of poles of $f$ inside $\mathbb{T}$.
3. Calculate "the Fresnel integrals,"

$$
\int_{0}^{\infty} \sin \left(x^{2}\right) d x \text { and } \int_{0}^{\infty} \cos \left(x^{2}\right) d x
$$

that play an important role in diffraction theory. (You can use the value for the Gaussian integral: $\int_{\mathbb{R}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} x^{2}} d x=\sqrt{2 \pi}$.)
4. Let $f$ be a bounded holomorphic function in the unit disk $\mathbb{D}=\{|z|<1\}$. Suppose that the radial limits of $f$ are zero on a nontrivial arc of the unit circle, i.e. that for some $0 \leq \alpha<\beta \leq 2 \pi$,

$$
\lim _{r \rightarrow 1-} f\left(r e^{i \gamma}\right)=0
$$

for all $\alpha<\gamma<\beta$. Prove that then $f$ is identically zero. (This is a simple version of a theorem proved by F. and M. Riesz in 1916.)
5. Suppose that the point $w$ in the complex plane $\mathbb{C}$ is moving according to the law $w=r e^{i t}$, where $r$ is a constant and $t$ is the time variable. Let $f$ be a function, holomorphic in a neighborhood of the circle $\{|z|=r\}$. Find the instantaneous velocity of the point $f(w)$ at the moment $t$. (The answer should be presented in a form of a two-dimensional vector, depending on $t$ and $f$.)
6. For an entire function $f$ denote

$$
M_{f}(r)=\max _{|z|=r}|f(z)| .
$$

Prove that for any $0<\alpha<1$, the limit

$$
\lim _{r \rightarrow \infty} \frac{M_{f}(\alpha r)}{M_{f}(r)}
$$

is equal to $\alpha^{n}$ if $f$ is a polynomial of degree $n$ and to 0 if $f$ is transcendental (not a polynomial).
7. Let $f$ be a meromorphic function in a neighborhood of the closed unit disk $\overline{\mathbb{D}}$. Suppose that $f$ is holomorphic in $\mathbb{D}$ and

$$
\begin{equation*}
f(z)=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_{n} z^{n} \tag{*}
\end{equation*}
$$

for $z \in \mathbb{D}$. Prove that if $f$ has a pole on the unit circle $\mathbb{T}$ then the series in $(*)$ diverges at any $z \in \mathbb{T}$.
8. Find a general formula for all functions $w(z)$ that map the domain $\{|\Im z|<1, \Re z>0\}$ conformally onto the domain $\mathbb{D} \backslash[0,1]$.
9. Let $u_{n}, n=1,2, \ldots$ be a sequence of harmonic functions in a complex domain $\Omega$ such that $\left|u_{n}(z)\right|<C$ in $\Omega$ for some $C>0$ and all $n$. Suppose that there exists a subdomain $\Gamma \subset \Omega$ such that the sequence $u_{n}(z)$ converges for any $z \in \Gamma$. Prove that then $u_{n}(z)$ converges for any $z \in \Omega$ and the limit function is harmonic in $\Omega$.
10. Let $f$ be meromorphic in a complex domain $\Omega$. Prove that then $f^{\prime}$ is also meromorphic in $\Omega$.

