Homework 8

Math 302 (section 501), Fall 2016

This homework is due on Thursday, October 20.

- 0. (This problem is not to be turned in.)
 - (a) Read Sections 1.8 and 2.4.
 - (b) Use quantifiers to define *one-to-one* and *onto*. Negate both.
 - (c) What types of theorems require a *uniqueness proof* (pg. 99)? What are the parts of such a proof? Prove that there is a unique real number x for which $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$.
 - (d) (Practice Problems) Section 1.8 # 2, 3, 8, 13, 17, 39, 34
 - (e) (Practice Problems) Section 2.4 # 4, 10, 12, 18, 26, 32, 34, 40
- 1. Consider the following function:

$$f: \quad \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \quad \to \quad \{n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n \ge 0\}$$
$$(a, b, c) \quad \mapsto \quad a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$

- (a) Prove or disprove: f is one-to-one.
- (b) Prove or disprove: f is onto.
- 2. Prove or disprove the following claims:
 - (a) If x and y are real numbers, then

$$\max(x,y) = \frac{x+y+|x-y|}{2} .$$

- (b) If x is a nonnegative real number, then $x^2 3x + 2 \ge 0$.
- 3. Prove the following claims:
 - (a) If x and y are real numbers, then $|x| |y| \le |x y|$.
 - (b) If w and z and real numbers with 0 < w < z, then

$$w < \sqrt{wz} < \frac{1}{2}(w+z) < z$$

4. Let $S := \{1, 2, 4, 7\}$. Compute the following sums (also write down the summands):

$$\sum_{j=0}^{4} (-2)^j, \quad \sum_{j \in S} j \cdot (j-1), \quad \sum_{i=0}^{2} \sum_{j=0}^{3} (3i+2j), \quad \sum_{i=0}^{2} \sum_{j=0}^{3} ij$$

- 5. Prove that for every $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ and every $a_1, \ldots, a_n \in \mathbb{R}$ it holds that $\sum_{j=1}^n (a_j a_{j-1}) = a_n a_0$. Do not use an argument involving " \cdots ". Instead, give a direct argument exploiting how often particular terms appear and which sign they have.
- 6. Section 1.8 # 9, 14
- 7. Section 2.4 # 2, 6, 14, 16