Fall 2019 Math 152

Week in Review I courtesy: Amy Austin (covering sections 5.5-6.1)

Section 5.5

- 1. $\int \frac{1+x^2-x}{\sqrt{x}} dx =$ 2. $\int_{0}^{1} (x^3 - 2)^2 dx =$ 3. $\int 5x^2(3x^3-1)^8 dx =$ 4. $\int_{0}^{1} x^2 e^{2x^3 - 5} dx =$ 5. $\int_{-4}^{0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2x}} dx =$ 6. $\int_{1}^{1/2} \cos \pi x \, dx =$ 7. $\int_{0}^{\pi/12} \tan(3x) \, dx =$ 8. $\int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} - 4x^{-1} + e^x + \frac{2}{x^2+1} - \frac{x+1}{x^2+4}\right) dx =$ 9. $\int \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx =$ 10. $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{5}{2x+1} dx =$ 11. $\int \frac{\sin t}{\cos^5 t} dt =$ 12. $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx =$
- 13. $\int \frac{2x^3}{x^2 1} dx =$

Section 6.1

- 14. Find the area bounded by $y = \cos x$, y = 0, x = 0, $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$.
- 15. Find the area bounded by $y = \sin x$, y = 0, $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$, $x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$.
- 16. Find the area bounded by $y = \sin x$, $y = \cos x$, $x = -\frac{\pi}{2}$ and $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$.
- 17. Find the area bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 2x x^2$.
- 18. Find the area bounded by $x = 45 5y^2$ and $x = 5y^2 45$.
- 19. Sketch the region R bounded by $x = y^2$ and x = 5y + 6. Set up but do not evaluate an integral in terms of y and then an integral in terms of x that gives the area of this region.
- 20. Sketch the region R bounded by $x = \frac{1}{x}$, y = x, $y = \frac{1}{4}x$, $x \ge 0$. Set up but do not evaluate an integral that gives the area of R.
- 21. Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $y = 3x^2$, the tangent line to this parabola at (2, 12) and the x-axis.