

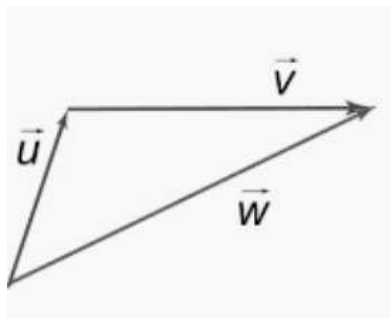
Spring 2020 Math 251

Week in Review I

courtesy: Amy Austin

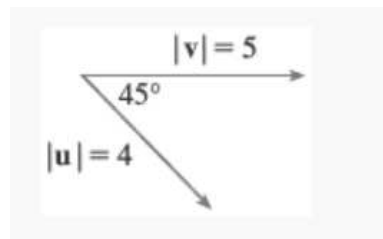
(covering sections 12.1-12.5)

- Find the equation of the sphere with center $(1, 4, 3)$ that touches the xy plane.
- Does the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 4x - 2y - 8z = 5$ intersect the xz plane? If so, what is the intersection?
- Find the equation of the sphere if one of their diameters has endpoints $(5, 1, 5)$ and $(7, 3, 9)$.
- What does $y = 6 - x$ represent in \mathbb{R}^3 ?
- What does $x^2 + z^2 = 16$ represent in \mathbb{R}^3 ?
- Given $\mathbf{a} = \langle -7, 1, 2 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{b} = \langle 5, -1, 1 \rangle$, find a unit vector in the direction of $\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{b}$.
- For the picture seen below, write \mathbf{v} in terms of \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{w} .



- Compute $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}$ if
 - $\mathbf{a} = \langle 4, 5, -1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{b} = \langle 2, 1, 3 \rangle$.
 - $|\mathbf{a}| = 2$, $|\mathbf{b}| = 5$ and $\theta = 120^\circ$.
 - $|\mathbf{a}| = 6$, $|\mathbf{b}| = 4$ and \mathbf{a} is perpendicular to \mathbf{b} .
 - $|\mathbf{a}| = 6$, $|\mathbf{b}| = 4$ and \mathbf{a} is parallel to \mathbf{b} .
- The points $A(0, -1, 6)$, $B(2, 1, -3)$ and $C(5, 4, 2)$ form a triangle. Find $\angle C$.

- Find the cross product of $\langle 1, 1, 3 \rangle$ and $\langle -2, -1, -5 \rangle$.
- Find $|\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}|$ and determine if $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$ points in or out of the page.



- Find a vector that is orthogonal to the plane that passes through the points $P(1, 0, 1)$, $Q(2, 3, 4)$ and $R(2, 1, 1)$.
- Find a vector equation of the line that passes through the point $(2, -5, 1)$ and is parallel to the vector $\langle 8, 10, -7 \rangle$.
- Find parametric equations and a symmetric equations for the line passing through the points $(-2, 3, 4)$ and $(5, 2, 8)$.
- Do the lines $\frac{x-1}{2} = y = \frac{z-1}{4}$ and $x = \frac{y+2}{2} = \frac{z+2}{3}$ intersect? If so, what is the point of intersection?
- Find an equation of the plane passing through the point $(3, 4, 5)$ and perpendicular to $\langle -1, 2, 5 \rangle$.
- Find the equation of the plane that passes through the points $P(1, 0, 1)$, $Q(2, 3, 4)$ and $R(2, 1, 1)$.
- Find an equation of the plane passing through the point $(-3, 1, 4)$ and is perpendicular to the line $x = 2 - 3t$, $y = 3 - t$, $z = t$.
- Find an equation of the plane passing through the point $(-1, -3, 2)$ that contains the line $x = -1 - 2t$, $y = 4t$, $z = 2 + t$.
- Consider the planes $z = x + y$ and $2x - 5y - z = 1$.
 - Find the angle between the planes.
 - Find the line of intersection of the planes.