

Spring 2019 Math 152
Formulas from Calculus I

courtesy: Amy Austin

Derivatives

$$1. \frac{d}{dx}x^n = nx^{n-1}$$

$$2. \frac{d}{dx} \ln x = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$3. \frac{d}{dx} \ln(g(x)) = \frac{g'(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$4. \frac{d}{dx}e^x = e^x$$

$$5. \frac{d}{dx}a^x = a^x \ln a$$

$$6. \frac{d}{dx}e^{g(x)} = g'(x)e^{g(x)}$$

$$7. \frac{d}{dx}a^{g(x)} = g'(x)a^{g(x)} \ln a$$

$$8. \frac{d}{dx} \cos^{-1} x = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$9. \frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$10. \frac{d}{dx} \tan^{-1} x = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$11. \frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$$

$$12. \frac{d}{dx} \cos x = -\sin x$$

$$13. \frac{d}{dx} \tan x = \sec^2 x$$

$$14. \frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec x \tan x$$

$$15. \frac{d}{dx} \csc x = -\csc x \cot x$$

$$16. \frac{d}{dx} \cot x = -\csc^2 x$$

$$17. \text{Product Rule: } \frac{d}{dx}gh = g'h + gh'$$

$$18. \text{Quotient Rule: } \frac{d}{dx}\frac{g}{h} = \frac{g'h - gh'}{h^2}$$

$$19. \text{Chain Rule: } \frac{d}{dx}f(g(x)) = f'(g(x))g'(x)$$

Integrals

$$20. \int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C, \text{ if } n \neq -1$$

$$21. \int e^x dx = e^x + C$$

$$22. \int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C$$

$$23. \int \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln|x| + C$$

$$24. \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \arctan x + C$$

$$25. \int \frac{1}{a^2+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{a} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + C$$

$$26. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \arcsin x + C$$

$$27. \int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$$

$$28. \int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$$

$$29. \int \sec x \tan x dx = \sec x + C$$

$$30. \int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x + C$$

$$31. \int \csc x \cot x dx = -\csc x + C$$

$$32. \int \csc^2 x dx = -\cot x + C$$

Logarithm Rules

$$33. \ln PQ = \ln P + \ln Q$$

$$34. \ln \frac{P}{Q} = \ln P - \ln Q$$

$$35. \ln P^r = r \ln P$$

Useful Trig Identities

$$36. \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$$

$$37. \tan^2 x + 1 = \sec^2 x$$

$$38. \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}[1 + \cos 2x]$$

$$39. \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2}[1 - \cos 2x]$$

$$40. \sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$41. \cos 2x = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1$$