## Math 617Theory of Functions of a Complex VariableFall 2014Preview of the Final Examination

The final examination takes place in the usual classroom from 3:00 to 5:00 on the afternoon of Friday, December 12. Please bring your own paper to the exam.

**Part I** I will choose six of the following twelve items and ask you to state three of those six.

- The Cauchy–Riemann equations.
- The formula for the radius of convergence of a power series.
- Some version of Cauchy's integral formula that applies to disks.
- Some version of Cauchy's theorem that applies to an annulus.
- Morera's theorem.
- Cauchy's estimate for derivatives at the center of a disk.
- Liouville's theorem.
- Some version of the maximum modulus theorem.
- The argument principle.
- Some version of Rouché's theorem.
- Some version of the open mapping theorem.
- The residue theorem.

**Part II** I will choose six of the following twelve problems and ask you to solve three of those six.

- Problem 1 on the August 2008 qualifying exam: Find the Laurent series of  $\frac{1}{z(z-1)(z-2)}$  valid in the annulus {  $z \in \mathbb{C} : 1 < |z| < 2$  }.
- Problem 3 on the August 2008 qualifying exam: If f and g are zero-free holomorphic functions on the unit disk such that  $\frac{f'(1/n)}{f(1/n)} = \frac{g'(1/n)}{g(1/n)}$  for every positive integer n, then what can be said about the relation between f and g? Prove your claim.
- Problem 4 on the January 2009 qualifying exam: Prove that if *a* is an arbitrary complex number, and *n* is an integer greater than 1, then the polynomial 1 + *z* + *az<sup>n</sup>* has at least one zero in the disk where |*z*| ≤ 2.

Hint: The product of the zeroes of a monic polynomial of degree n equals  $(-1)^n$  times the constant term.

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- Problem 8 on the January 2009 qualifying exam: Suppose f is holomorphic in the vertical strip where  $|\operatorname{Re}(z)| < \pi/4$ , and |f(z)| < 1 for every z in the strip, and f(0) = 0. Prove that  $|f(z)| \le |\tan(z)|$  for every z in the strip.
- Problem 5 on the August 2009 qualifying exam: Suppose that f is holomorphic in the disk where |z| < R, and |f(z)| < M for every z in this disk. Suppose additionally that there is a point  $z_0$  in the disk for which  $f(z_0) = 0$ . Prove that

$$|f(z)| \le \frac{MR|z-z_0|}{|R^2-z\bar{z}_0|}$$
 when  $|z| < R$ , and  $|f'(z_0)| \le \frac{MR}{R^2-|z_0|^2}$ .

- Problem 2 on the January 2010 qualifying exam: Suppose that f has an isolated singularity at the point a, and f'/f has a first-order pole at a. Prove that f has either a pole or a zero at a.
- Problem 3 on the January 2010 qualifying exam: Prove that all the zeroes of the function tan(z) z are real.
- Problem 10 on the January 2010 qualifying exam: Prove that if f has isolated singularities at ±a, then Res(f, a) = − Res(f, −a) if f is even, and Res(f, a) = Res(f, −a) if f is odd.
- Problem 3 on the August 2010 qualifying exam: Calculate the "Fresnel integrals"

$$\int_0^\infty \sin(x^2) \, dx$$
 and  $\int_0^\infty \cos(x^2) \, dx$ ,

which play an important role in diffraction theory. (You may assume known that  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2/2} dx = \sqrt{2\pi}$ .)

- Problem 10 on the August 2010 qualifying exam: Prove that if *f* is meromorphic in a complex domain Ω, then so is *f*'.
- Problem 4 on the January 2011 qualifying exam: Suppose Ω is a connected open subset of C, and u: Ω → R is a nonconstant harmonic function. Prove that u(Ω), the image of u, is an open subset of R.
- Problem 6 on the January 2011 qualifying exam: Suppose f is a holomorphic function (not necessarily bounded) on { z ∈ C : |z| < 1 }, the open unit disk, such that f(0) = 0. Prove that the infinite series ∑<sub>n=1</sub><sup>∞</sup> f(z<sup>n</sup>) converges uniformly on compact subsets of the open unit disk.