Last Name: _____ First Name: _____ Section 141 - ____ UIN _____

Linear Cost, Revenue, Profit, Supply, and Demand

Complete the following questions to investigate different types of linear models. Record your responses on this worksheet

The cost to manufacture a sofa is \$600 per sofa plus a fixed setup cost of \$4,500. Each sofa sells for \$750.

1. What is the cost to manufacture 20 sofas? *Hint*: Remember to include the setup cost along with the manufacturing cost for 20 sofas at \$600 each?

\$_____

2. What is the cost to manufacture *x* sofas?

C(*x*) = _____

3. How much revenue is generated from selling 20 sofas at \$750 each?

\$_____

4. How much revenue is generated from selling *x* sofas?

R(x) =_____

5. How much profit does the manufacturer gain (or lose) by manufacturing and selling 20 sofas?

\$_____

Checkpoint: Did you find that the company loses \$1500? If not, subtract the answer to **1** from **3**.

6. How much does the manufacturer gain (or lose) by manufacturing and selling *x* sofas?

P(x) =_____

- C(x) = cx + F, the *Total Cost function*, gives the total cost for manufacturing x units at a unit cost of *c* and fixed costs *F*. (The money paid out by the company.)
- R(x) = sx, the *Revenue function*, gives the total revenue realized from manufacturing and selling x units at the selling price s. (The money brought in by the company.)
- P(x) = R(x) C(x) = sx (cx + F) = (s c)x F, the *Profit function*, gives the total profit realized from manufacturing and selling x units. (The net amount of money the company will have after paying all of its expenses.)

The linear Cost, Revenue, and Profit functions for this problem are:

C(x) = 600x + 4500R(x) = 750xP(x) = 150x - 4500

Hint: These are the same functions you should have found in **2**, **4** and **6**.

7. How many sofas must be sold in order to have a profit of \$12,000?

_____ sofas

8. The Cost, Revenue, and Profit functions are graphed below on the same grid.

Determine which graph corresponds to each function.

C(*x*): _____

R(*x*): _____

P(x): _____



9. Which of these three linear business models should always contain the origin? Why?

should always contain	the origin because	
2	\mathcal{U}	