

REAL ANALYSIS MATH 608
HOMEWORK #5

Problem 1. Consider the Banach space $C[0, 1]$ consisting of all continuous, real valued functions on $[0, 1]$, endowed with the uniform topology. For $f \in C[0, 1]$, let

$$\|f\|_L = |f(0)| + \sup_{0 \leq x < y \leq 1} \frac{|f(y) - f(x)|}{y - x}$$

Is the set $\{f \in C[0, 1] \mid \|f\|_L < \infty\}$ dense in $C[0, 1]$ for the uniform topology, or not? Justify your answer.

Problem 2. Recall that a point is isolated in a topological space if $\{x\}$ is open, and a G_δ -set is a countable intersection of open sets. Let X be a non-empty Baire space that is T_1 , and $Y \subset X$ that is countable, dense, and such that no point in Y is isolated in X . Show that

- (1) $X \setminus Y$ is a dense G_δ -set,
- (2) Y is not a G_δ -set.
- (3) Can \mathbb{Q} be a G_δ -set in \mathbb{R} ?

Problem 3 (Osgood's theorem). Let X be a complete metric space and Y be a metric space. Let $\mathcal{F} \subset C(X, Y)$ such that the set $\{f(x) : f \in \mathcal{F}\} \subset Y$ is bounded for each $x \in X$. Then, there is a non-empty open set $U \subset X$ such that $\{f(x) : f \in \mathcal{F}, x \in U\} \subset Y$ is bounded.

Problem 4. A topological space (X, τ) is locally compact if every $x \in X$ admits a neighborhood basis consisting of compact sets.

- (1) Assuming that (X, τ) is Hausdorff, show that X is locally compact if and only if every point admits a compact neighborhood.
- (2) Show that a Hausdorff compact space is locally compact.
- (3) Show that every Hausdorff locally compact space is a Baire space.

Problem 5 (Completeness of $L(X, Y)$). Let X and Y be normed linear spaces and $L(X, Y)$ the vector space of bounded linear maps from X into Y .

- (1) Show that $\|T\| = \sup_{x \in X, \|x\|_X \leq 1} \|T(x)\|_Y$ defines a norm on $L(X, Y)$.
- (2) Show that

$$\|T\| = \sup \left\{ \frac{\|T(x)\|_Y}{\|x\|_X} : x \neq 0 \right\} = \inf \{ C \geq 0 : \forall x \in X \quad \|T(x)\|_Y \leq C \|x\|_X \}.$$

- (3) Show that if Y is a Banach space then $L(X, Y)$ is complete, and thus also a Banach space.