

NAME: Solutions  
SECTION: \_\_\_\_\_

Math 2401 (D1-D3)  
11/12/2014

Quiz 9  
Last quiz!!!

(10 pts.) 1. Find the flow (not flux, FLOW) of the field  $\vec{F} = (x-z)\vec{i} + x\vec{k}$  over the curve  $C$ :

$$\vec{r}(t) = \cos(t)\vec{i} + \sin(t)\vec{k}, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi.$$

Flow =  $\int_C Mdx + Ndy + Pdz$

(6pts.) setup =  $\int_0^{2\pi} [(\cos t - \sin t)(-\sin t) + (\cos t)(\cos t)] dt$

(2pts.) =  $\int_0^{2\pi} (-\cos t \sin t + \sin^2 t + \cos^2 t) dt$

(2pts.) =  $\int_0^{2\pi} (-\frac{1}{2} \sin(2t) + 1) dt$

(2pts.) =  $(\frac{1}{4} \cos(2t) + t) \Big|_0^{2\pi} = \boxed{2\pi}$

$x = \cos t \quad dx = -\sin t dt$   
 $y = 0 \quad dy = 0$   
 $z = \sin t \quad dz = \cos t dt$   
 $M = x - z = \cos t - \sin t$   
 $N = 0$   
 $P = x = \cos t$

(10pts.) 2. The following field:

$$\vec{F}(x, y) = (2xe^{xy} + x^2ye^{xy})\vec{i} + (x^3e^{xy} + 2y)\vec{j}$$

is conservative.

a). Find a potential function  $f$  for  $\vec{F}$ . [Hint: it might be easier if you start with  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ .]

(6pts.)  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x^3 e^{xy} + 2y \Rightarrow f = x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} e^{xy} + y^2 + C \Rightarrow f = x^2 e^{xy} + y^2 + g(x)$

$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2xe^{xy} + x^2 y e^{xy} + g'(x)$   
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2xe^{xy} + x^2 y e^{xy}$   
 $\Rightarrow g'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow g(x) = C$

$f(x, y) = x^2 e^{xy} + y^2 + C$

b). Use part a). to find:

(4pts.)

$$\int_{(0,0)}^{(1,1)} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = f(1,1) - f(0,0) = |e^1 + 1 - 0 = \boxed{e+1}$$