## Worksheet 16 - Conservative Fields

1. Find a potential function for the field:

$$\mathbf{F} = (2xy^3z^4)\mathbf{i} + (3x^2y^2z^4)\mathbf{j} + (4x^2y^3z^3)\mathbf{k}.$$

2. Find a potential function for the field:

$$\mathbf{F} = (2x\cos(y) - 2z^3)\mathbf{i} + (3 + 2ye^z - x^2\sin(y))\mathbf{j} + (y^2e^z - 6xz^2)\mathbf{k}.$$

3. Consider the vector field:

$$\mathbf{F} = (2x^3y^4 + x)\mathbf{i} + (2x^4y^3 + y)\mathbf{j}.$$

- a). Use the Component Test to determine if the field is conservative.
- b). If so, find a potential function for  $\mathbf{F}$ .
- c). Use the Fundamental Theorem to find  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (t\cos(\pi t) - 1)\mathbf{i} + \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)\mathbf{j}, \ 0 \le t \le 1.$$

- d). Try to set up  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  the "old way," to convince yourself how much more complicated that would be
- 4. Consider the vector field:

$$\mathbf{F} = (e^x \cos y + yz) \mathbf{i} + (xz - e^x \sin y) \mathbf{j} + (xy + z) \mathbf{k}.$$

- a). Check that **F** is conservative by showing that  $\operatorname{curl} \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}$ .
- b). Find a potential function for  $\mathbf{F}$ .
- c). Find  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where C is any "nice" path (i.e. piecewise smooth, simple, positively oriented) from (0,0,0) to  $(0,\pi,1)$ .
- d). Find  $\oint \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  where C is any "nice" loop in space.
- 5. Find a potential function for:

$$\mathbf{F} = \left\langle 2\cos y, \ \frac{1}{y} - 2x\sin y, \ \frac{1}{z} \right\rangle.$$

6. Find a potential function for:

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{F} &= \left(-2xy^2\sin(x^2y^2)\sin(z) + y\cos(xy)e^{\sin(xy)}z\right)\mathbf{i} \\ &+ \left(-2x^2y\sin(x^2y^2)\sin(z) + x\cos(xy)e^{\sin(xy)}z\right)\mathbf{j} \\ &+ \left(\cos(x^2y^2)\cos(z) + e^{\sin(xy)}\right)\mathbf{k}. \end{split}$$

Hint: Remember that you do not have to start with the first component...