

Daily ODE: 02/12/2022

Solve for $y(x)$:
(Implicit solution ok)

$$[y^2 + 2x \cos(y)] dx + [2xy - x^2 \sin(y) - 2y] dy = 0$$

Solution: Exact? $M = y^2 + 2x \cos(y)$ $M_y = 2y - 2x \sin(y)$
Yes $N = 2xy - x^2 \sin(y) - 2y$ $N_x = 2y - 2x \sin(y)$

Find Potential: $\begin{cases} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = y^2 + 2x \cos(y) \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2xy - x^2 \sin(y) - 2y \end{cases}$

Start with x ? $f(x, y) = \int (y^2 + 2x \cos(y)) dx$
OK $= y^2 x + x^2 \cos(y) + g(y)$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= 2yx - x^2 \sin(y) + g'(y) \\ N &= 2xy - x^2 \sin(y) - 2y \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow g'(y) = -2y \Rightarrow \text{take } g(y) = -y^2$$

$$f(x, y) = xy^2 + x^2 \cos(y) - y^2 \quad \text{Potential}$$

Solution: $xy^2 + x^2 \cos(y) - y^2 = C$

Check: $\frac{d}{dx} [xy^2 + x^2 \cos(y) - y^2 = c]$

$$y^2 + 2xy \cdot y' + 2x \cos(y) - x^2 \sin(y) \cdot y' - 2y \cdot y' = 0$$

$$[y^2 + 2x \cos(y)] + [2xy - x^2 \sin(y) - 2y] y' = 0$$

$$[y^2 + 2x \cos(y)] dx + [2xy - x^2 \sin(y) - 2y] \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

yes (original equation).