

## Inverse Laplace Transform

$$\textcircled{1} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^3}\right\} = \frac{1}{2}t^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{48}{s^5}\right\} = t - 48 \frac{1}{4!}t^4 = t - 2t^4$$

$$\textcircled{3} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s-2}\right\} = t - 1 + e^{2t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{(s+1)^3}{s^4}\right\} &= \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^3 + 3s^2 + 3s + 1}{s^4}\right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s}\right\} + 3\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2}\right\} + 3\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^3}\right\} + \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^4}\right\} \\ &= 1 + 3t + \frac{3}{2}t^2 + \frac{1}{6}t^3. \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{5}{s^2+49}\right\} = \frac{5}{7} \sin(7t).$$

$$\textcircled{6} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2-16}\right\} = \frac{1}{4} \sinh(4t).$$

$$\textcircled{7} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{4s+1}\right\} = \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s+1/4}\right\} = \frac{1}{4} e^{-1/4 t}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{4s}{4s^2+1}\right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{s^2+1/4}\right\} = \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right).$$

$$\textcircled{9} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s-6}{s^2+9}\right\} = 2\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{s^2+9}\right\} - 6\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2+9}\right\} = 2\cos(3t) - 2\sin(3t).$$

$$\textcircled{10} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2+3s}\right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s(s+3)}\right\} = \frac{1}{3}\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s}\right\} - \frac{1}{3}\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s+3}\right\} = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3}e^{-3t}.$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+3} \quad ; \quad 1 = A(s+3) + Bs$$

$$s=0 \Rightarrow A = 1/3$$

$$s=-3 \Rightarrow B = -1/3$$

$$\textcircled{11} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{s^2+2s-3}\right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s+3)(s-1)}\right\} = \frac{3}{4}\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s+3}\right\} + \frac{1}{4}\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s-1}\right\} = \frac{3}{4}e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{4}e^t$$

$$\frac{s}{(s+3)(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s+3} + \frac{B}{s-1}$$

"Cover up" (s-1):  $\frac{s}{s+3} \Big|_{s=1} = B \Rightarrow B = 1/4$

"Cover up" (s+3):  $\frac{s}{s-1} \Big|_{s=-3} = A \Rightarrow A = 3/4$

$$12. \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s-2)(s-3)(s-6)} \right\} = \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} - e^{3t} + \frac{1}{2} e^{6t}$$

$$\frac{s}{(s-2)(s-3)(s-6)} = \frac{A}{s-2} + \frac{B}{s-3} + \frac{C}{s-6}$$

$$\frac{s}{(s-3)(s-6)} \Big|_{s=2} = A \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{2} ; \quad \frac{s}{(s-2)(s-6)} \Big|_{s=3} = B \Rightarrow B = -1$$

$$\frac{s}{(s-2)(s-3)} \Big|_{s=6} = C \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{2}$$