Week in Review # 5Sections 2.2, 2.3, 2.4

Things to know:

- Be able to sketch the graph of a derivative.
- Be able to give units for the derivative and interpret a derivative.
- Be able to use the derivative to estimate values of a function.
- Know the relationships between the function, first derivative, and the second derivative.

• Be able to sketch a graph of a function given information about its first and second derivatives.

1. Fill in the blanks with the relationships between f(x), f'(x), and f''(x). f'(x) > 0 means that _____



2. Sketch the graphs of the derivatives of each of these functions.



- 3. Here is the graph of the function f(x).
 - (a) Arrange the derivatives at the given points from smallest to largest.
 - (b) At which points does f'(x) and f''(x) have the same sign?



4. Match the points with the derivatives.



х						
f'(x)	0	1	0	-2	2	2
f''(x)	2	3	-2	0	-4	4

- 5. Suppose H = f(t) is the time, in minutes, that it takes a deep fryer to heat up to $t^0 F$.
 - (a) What are the units of f'(t) and what is the sign of f'(t)?
 - (b) What is the meaning of f(350) = 15?
 - (c) what is the meaning of f'(350) = 0.25?
 - (d) Estimate the time for the deep fryer to heat up to 375° F.
- 6. Suppose P(t) is the monthly payment, in dollars, on a mortgage which will take t years to pay off.
 - (a) What are the units of P'(t) and the sign of P'(t)?
 - (b) What is the practical meaning of P'(t)?
- 7. Suppose g(20) = 125 and g'(20) = -8. Estimate g(18), g(25), and g(31).

- 8. If f(3) = 20, f'(3) = 2 and f''(x) < 0 for $x \ge 3$, what can you say about the value of f(7)?
- 9. The temperature inside a house was given by f(t) in ^oF. At 1pm, the temperature was 70°F. The first derivative, f'(t) decreased until reaching a value of 1°F/hour at 1pm, then increased for the rest of the day. sketch a graph of the temperature inside the house during this time period.
- 10. Sketch a graph of a function that meets these conditions.

f(x) is positive for x < 0f'(x) > 0 for x < 3f'(x) < 0 for x > 3f''(x) < 0 for x > 0f''(x) > 0 for x < 0f''(3) = 0

11. Here is the graph of f'(x).



- (a) On what intervals is f(x) increasing?
- (b) On what intervals is f(x) decreasing?
- (c) On what intervals is f(x) concave up?
- (d) On what intervals is f(x) concave down?
- (e) Use the above information to sketch a graph of f(x).