## Appendix J.1: Additional Problems

1. Given the points $P(2,-5)$ and $Q(6,5)$ find a vector of length 3 that is in the same direction as $\overrightarrow{Q P}$.
2. Two tug boats are towing a large ship into port. The larger tug exerts a force of 5000 pounds on its cable, and the smaller tug exerts a force of 3500 pounds on its cable. If the ship is to travel in a straight line, find the angle $\theta$ that the larger tug must make if the smaller tug makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$.

3. A pilot wants to fly from town A to town B which is due North of town A. There is a wind blowing from the direction $\mathrm{S} 30^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ at a speed of $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The airspeed of the plane is $250 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
A) What direction should the plane fly?
B) What is the ground speed of the plane?
4. Suppose you have three vectors $\mathbf{a}=\langle 6,10\rangle, \mathbf{b}=\langle 3,4\rangle$, and $\mathbf{c}=\langle 15,27\rangle$. Find constants(scalars) $d$ and $m$ so that $\mathbf{c}=d \mathbf{a}+m \mathbf{b}$.
5. The vector $\mathbf{a}$ is shown in the figure to the right. Which of the following represents a?
(a) $\langle-10 \sin (50), 10 \cos (50)\rangle$
(b) $\langle-10 \cos (50), 10 \sin (50)\rangle$
(c) $\langle 10 \cos (40), 10 \sin (40)\rangle$
(d) $\langle 10 \sin (50), 10 \cos (50)\rangle$
(e) $\langle-\cos (40), \sin (40)\rangle$

