## Chapter 10: The Term Structure of Interest Rates

## Section 10.5: Forward Rates

A forward rate is an expected spot rate which will come into play in the future.

Consider the following: A firm needs to borrow money for two years. The one-year spot rate is 7% and the two-year spot rate is 8%.

The firm has two options: (a) borrow all the money at the two-year spot rate or (b) borrow for one year at the one-year spot rate and then borrow for the second year at the one-year spot rate in effect a year later. The second one-year spot rate is called a **forward rate**.

A set of spot rates will imply a set of forward rates.

Unless told otherwise, forward rates are quoted as annual effective rates.

## Notation:

- $s_t$  is the spot rate from time 0(year 0) to time t (year t).
- ft is the one year forward rate from year t to year t + 1.
  i.e. f2 means, starting 2 years from now the effective rate of interest for one year will be f2.

Interpret  $f_0$ .

Example: Given the following spot rates, find all one-year forward rates that can be determined from this information.

term	1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year
Spot rate, $s_t$	6%	6.25%	7%	7.5%

In general, an -n-year spot rate can be expressed in terms of a set of n one-year forward rates.

Example: The following table has the prices of \$1000 par value bonds with 10% annual coupons.

term	1 year	2 year	3 year
price	1028.04	1036.53	1034.47

Find the forward rates for t = 0, 1, 2 that are implied by these bond prices.

## Forward rate over m-years

The m-year forward rate (annual effective) which applies over the period from time t to time t + m is denoted by  $_m f_t$  or  $f_{t,t+m}$ 

Example: Given the following spot rates, compute the forward rate that is applicable for 3 years starting 2 years from now.

term	1 year	2 year	3 year	4 year	5 year
Spot rate, $s_t$	6%	6.25%	7%	7.5%	8%

Example: Consider the forward rates given below.

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$f_t$	2%	4%	5%	7%	8%	9%	3%

Compute  $_4f_2$ .