## Section 3.7: Additional Problems Solutions

1. $f^{\prime}(t)=2 t e^{-t}-t^{2} e^{-t}=\left(2 t-t^{2}\right) e^{-t}$

Setting $f^{\prime}(t)=0$ gives $t=0$ and $t=2$. The partical is at rest at $t=0$ and $t=2$.
$f(0)=0, f(2)=4 e^{-2} \approx 0.5413$ and $f(6)=36 e^{-6} \approx=0.0892$

Displacement is $f(6)-f(0)=36 e^{-6}-0=36 e^{-6} \approx=0.0892$

Total distance traveled is
$(f(2)-f(0))+(f(2)-f(6))=4 e^{-2}-0+4 e^{-2}-36 e^{-6} \approx 0.9934$
2. $f^{\prime}(t)=\frac{81-9 t^{2}}{\left(t^{2}+9\right)^{2}}$

Setting $f^{\prime}(t)=0$ gives $t= \pm 3$. The partical is at rest at $t=3$.
$f(0)=0, f(3)=1.5$ and $f(6)=1.2$

Displacement is $f(6)-f(0)=1.2-0=1.2$

Total distance traveled is

$$
(f(3)-f(0))+(f(3)-f(6))=1.5-0+1.5-1.2=1.8
$$

