

1) Do these series converge or diverge?

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-0.5)^n}{n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cdot .5^n}{n}$$

$$b_n = \frac{.5^n}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{.5^n}{n} \stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(.5)^n \ln(.5)}{1} = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{.5^x}{x} \quad f' = \frac{x(.5)^x \ln(.5) - (.5)^x}{x^2}$$
$$= \frac{(x \ln(.5) - 1) (.5)^x}{x^2}$$

note: $x \ln(.5) - 1 < 0$ for $x > 0$

Thus $f' < 0$ and f is dec.

By A.S.T. The series converges.

Mar 22-10:11 PM

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$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\ln(n)}{n} \quad b_n = \frac{\ln(n)}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(n)}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1/n}{1} = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\ln(x)}{x} \quad f'(x) = \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{x} - \ln(x)}{x^2}$$
$$= \frac{1 - \ln(x)}{x^2} < 0 \text{ for } x > e$$

By the AST The series converges.

Mar 22-10:29 PM