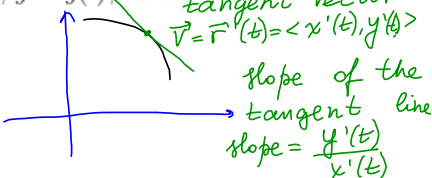


Section 3.9 Slopes and tangents to parametric curves

Suppose that the curve  $C$  is given by parametric equations  $x = x(t)$ ,  $y = y(t)$ , then

slope of the tangent line  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)}$



tangent vector  $\vec{v} = \vec{r}'(t) = \langle x'(t), y'(t) \rangle$   
slope of the tangent line  $\text{slope} = \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)}$

**Example 1.** Find an equation of the tangent to the curve  $x(t) = t \sin t$ ,  $y(t) = t \cos t$  at the point corresponding to  $t = \pi$ .

Equation  $y = \frac{dy}{dx}(\pi) (x - x(\pi)) + y(\pi)$   
 $x(\pi) = \pi \sin \pi = 0$ ,  $y(\pi) = \pi \cos \pi = -\pi$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)} = \frac{[t \cos t]'}{[t \sin t]'} = \frac{\cos t - t \sin t}{\sin t + t \cos t}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}(\pi) = \frac{\cos \pi - \pi \sin \pi}{\sin \pi + \pi \cos \pi} = \frac{-1}{-\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{\pi} (x - 0) - \pi$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{x}{\pi} - \pi}$$

**Example 2.** Find the points on the curve  $x = t(t^3 - 3)$ ,  $y = 3(t^3 - 3)$ , where the tangent is vertical or horizontal.

$$x(t) = t^4 - 3t$$

$$y(t) = 3t^3 - 9$$

slope of a tangent line  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)} = \frac{9t^2}{4t^3 - 3}$

horizontal tangent  $\rightarrow$  slope is zero  $\rightarrow y'(t) = 0$   
 $9t^2 = 0, t = 0$

Point corresponding to  $t = 0$ :  $x(0) = 0, y(0) = -9$   
 $\boxed{\text{horizontal tangent @ } (0, -9)}$

vertical tangent is when  $x'(t) = 0$  or  $4t^3 - 3 = 0$   
 $t = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}$

Point corresponding to  $t = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}$ :

$$x\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}\right) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}} \left( \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}\right)^3 - 3 \right) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}} \left( \frac{3}{4} - 3 \right) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}} \frac{3-12}{4} = -\frac{9}{4} \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$y\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}\right) = 3 \left( \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}\right)^3 - 3 \right) = 3 \left( \frac{3}{4} - 3 \right) = -\frac{27}{4}$$

$$\boxed{\text{vertical tangent @ } \left( -\frac{9}{4} \sqrt[3]{\frac{3}{4}}, -\frac{27}{4} \right)}$$

**Example 3.** At what points on the curve  $x = t^3 + 4t$ ,  $y = 6t^2$  is the tangent parallel to the line with the equations  $x = -7t$ ,  $y = 12t - 5$ ?

$$\text{slope} = -\frac{12}{7}$$

Find the points on the curve where the slope of the tangent is  $-\frac{12}{7}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)} = \frac{(6t^2)'}{(t^3+4t)'} = \frac{12t}{3t^2+4} = -\frac{12}{7}$$

$$7t = -(3t^2+4)$$

$$3t^2+7t+4=0$$

$$t_1 = \frac{-7 + \sqrt{49 - 4(4)(3)}}{6} = \frac{-7+1}{6} = -1$$

$$t_2 = \frac{-7-1}{6} = -\frac{8}{6} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$t = -1:$$

$$x(-1) = (-1)^3 + 4(-1) = -5$$

$$y(-1) = 6(-1)^2 = 6$$

$$\boxed{(-5, 6)}$$

$$t = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$x\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) = \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)^3 + 4\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) = -\frac{64}{27} - \frac{16}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{208}{27}$$

$$y\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) = 6\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{6(16)}{9} = \frac{2(16)}{3} = \frac{32}{3}$$

$$\boxed{\left(-\frac{208}{27}, \frac{32}{3}\right)}$$