## MATH152, 525–530, 534–536 Spring 2013, Sample problems for Test 1

- 1. Find the area of the region bounded by  $y = e^x$ ,  $y = e^{-x}$ , x = -2, and x = 1.
- 2. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by  $y = x^2 1$ , y = 0, x = 1, x = 2 about the x-axis.
- 3. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by  $y = x^2$ , y = 0. x = 1, x = 2 about
  - (a) the *y*-axis
  - (b) x = 4
- 4. The base of solid S is the triangular region with vertices (0,0), (2,0), and (0,1). Cross-sections perpendicular to the x-axis are semicircles. Find the volume of S.
- 5. A heavy rope, 50 ft long, weighs 0.5 lb/ft and hangs over the edge of a building 120 ft hight. How much work is done in pulling the half rope to the top of the building?
- 6. A spring has a natural length of 20 cm. If a 25-N force is required to keep it stretched to a length of 30 cm, how much work is required to stretch it from 20 cm to 25 cm?
- 7. A tank in a shape of a sphere of radius 9 m is half full of water. Find the work W required to pump the water out of the spout, if the height of the spout is 3 m.
- 8. Find the average value of  $f(x) = \sin^2 x \cos x$  on  $[-\pi/2, \pi/4]$ .
- 9. Evaluate the integral

(a) 
$$\int t^{2} \cos(1-t^{3}) dt$$
  
(b) 
$$\int \frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{1-x}} dx$$
  
(c) 
$$\int x^{3} \sqrt{x^{2}+5} dx$$
  
(d) 
$$\int_{0}^{1} x^{2} e^{-x} dx$$
  
(e) 
$$\int \frac{\sin^{3} x}{\sec^{4} x} dx$$
  
(f) 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/8} \sin^{2}(2x) \cos^{3}(2x) dx$$
  
(g) 
$$\int \sin^{2} x \cos^{4} x dx$$
  
(h) 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/4} \tan^{4} x \sec^{2} x dx$$
  
(i) 
$$\int \tan x \sec^{3} x dx$$
  
(j) 
$$\int \sin 3x \cos x dx$$