1. Given vectors $\vec{a}=\vec{\imath}-2 \vec{\jmath}, \vec{b}=<-2,3>$. Find
(a) a unit vector $\vec{u}$ that has the same direction as $2 \vec{b}+\vec{a}$.
(b) angle between $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$
(c) $\operatorname{comp}_{\vec{b}} \vec{a}, \operatorname{proj}_{\vec{b}} \vec{a}$.
2. Find the work done by by a force of 20 lb acting in the direction $\mathrm{N} 50^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ in moving an object 4 ft due west.
3. Find the distance from the point $(-2,3)$ to the line $3 x-4 y+5=0$.
4. Find vector and parametric equations for the line passing through the points $A(1,-3)$ and $B(2,1)$.
5. Find all points of discontinuity for the function

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}x^{2}+1 & , \quad \text { if } x<2 \\ x+2 & , \text { if } x \geq 2\end{cases}
$$

6. Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the curve $y=\frac{x^{2}+4}{3 x^{2}-3}$.
7. Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ for each function
(a) $y=(\sin x)^{x}$.
(b) $y=\frac{\sqrt[5]{2 x-1}\left(x^{2}-4\right)^{2}}{\sqrt[3]{1+3 x}}$
(c) $y(t)=\sin ^{-1} t, x(t)=\cos ^{-1}\left(t^{2}\right)$.
(d) $2 x^{2}+2 x y+y^{2}=x$.
8. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y=x \sqrt{5-x}$ at the point (1,2).
9. A particle moves on a vertical line so that its coordinate at time $t$ is $y=t^{3}-12 t+3$, $t \geq 0$.
(a) Find the velocity and acceleration functions.
(b) When is the particle moving upward?
(c) Find the distance that particle travels in the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 3$
10. The vector function $\vec{r}(t)=<t, 25 t-5 t^{2}>$ represents the position of a particle at time $t$. Find the velocity, speed, and acceleration at $t=1$.
11. Find $y^{\prime \prime}$ if $y=\mathrm{e}^{-5 x} \cos 3 x$
12. Find $\frac{d^{50}}{d x^{50}} \cos 2 x$
13. Use differentials to estimate $(1.09)^{10}$.
14. The volume of a cube is increasing at a rate of $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{min}$. How fast is the surface area increasing when the edge length is 30 cm ?
15. If $f(x)=x+x^{2}+\mathrm{e}^{x}$ and $g(x)=f^{-1}(x)$, find $g^{\prime}(1)$.
16. Solve the equation $\ln (x+6)+\ln (x-3)=\ln 5+\ln 2$
17. Find $\cos ^{-1}\left(\sin \frac{5 \pi}{4}\right)$.
18. Evaluate each limit:
(a) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x+\sin 2 x}{\sin 3 x}$
(b) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0}(\cot x-\csc x)$
(c) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} x^{\sin x}$
19. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of $f(x)=x^{3}-2 x^{2}+x$ on $[-1,1]$.
20. For the function $y=x^{4}-6 x^{2}$ find
(a) Intervals on which the function is increasing/decreasing.
(b) All local minima/local maxima.
(c) Intervals on which the function is CU/CD.
(d) Inflection points.
21. The top and the bottom margins of a poster are each 6 cm and the side margins are each 4 cm . If the area of the printed material on the poster is fixed at $384 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, find the dimensions of the poster with the smallest total area.
22. Evaluate the sum $\sum_{i=0}^{n}\left(2^{i}+i^{2}\right)$
23. Find the derivative of the function $f(x)=\int_{0}^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{t^{2}}{t^{2}+1} d t$
24. Find the integral:
(a) $\int_{1}^{2}\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{2} d x$
(b) $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x^{2}+1}{\sqrt{x}} d x$
(c) $\int_{0}^{\pi / 2}(\cos t+2 \sin t) d t$
(d) $\int \sqrt[3]{1-x} d x$
(e) $\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^{9}}{\sqrt{x}} d x$
(f) $\int \frac{e^{x}+1}{e^{x}} d x$
(g) $\int_{0}^{4} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2 x}} d x$ (HINT: do the substitution $u=1+2 x$ )
(h) $\int_{1}^{1 / 2} \frac{\sin ^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}} d x$
25. Find the area under the curve $y=\sqrt{x}$ above the $x$-axis between 0 and 4 .
26. A particle moves in a straight line and has acceleration given by $a(t)=t^{2}-t$. Its initial velocity is $v(0)=2 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ and its initial displacement is $s(0)=1 \mathrm{~cm}$. Find the position function $s(t)$.
27. Find the vector function $\vec{r}(t)$ that gives the position of a particle at time $t$ having the acceleration $\vec{a}(t)=2 t \vec{\imath}+\vec{\jmath}$, initial velocity $\vec{v}(0)=\vec{\imath}-\vec{\jmath}$, and initial position ( 1,0 ).
