

1. Find the integral  $\iint_R \frac{y \cos y}{x} dA$ , where  
 $R = \{(x, y) | 1 \leq x \leq e^4, 0 \leq y \leq \pi/2\}$ .

2. Evaluate  $\iint_D \frac{y}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dA$  where  $D$  is the region in the first quadrant bounded by  $x = y^2$ ,  $x = 4$ ,  $y = 0$ .

3. Evaluate  $\int \int_R y^2 \sin \frac{xy}{2} dA$  where  $R$  is the region bounded by  $x = 0$ ,  $y = \sqrt{\pi}$ ,  $y = x$ .

4. Evaluate  $\int_0^2 \int_{y/2}^1 e^{x^2} dx dy$  by reversing the order of integration.

5. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_{2x^2}^2 x^3 \sin y^3 dy dx$ .

6. Graph the region and change the order of integration.

a)  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^3} f(x, y) dy dx + \int_1^2 \int_0^{2-x} f(x, y) dy dx$

b)  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} f(x, y) dx dy + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{2-y^2}} f(x, y) dx dy$

7. Let the region  $D$  be the parallelogram with the vertices  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(1, 2)$ ,  $(5, 4)$ , and  $(4, 2)$ . Write the double integral  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA$  as a sum of iterated integrals (with the least number of terms).

8. Sketch the region bounded by  $y^2 = 2x$  (or  $x = \frac{y^2}{2}$ ), the line  $x + y = 4$  and the  $x$ -axis, in the first quadrant. Find the area of the region using a double integral.

9. Describe the solid which volume is given by the integral  $\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$  and find the volume.

10. Find the volume of the solid bounded by

$$z = 1 + x + y, z = 0, x + y = 1, x = 0, y = 0.$$