

**Math 365 Final Exam**  
**December 10, 2012**  
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**Name** \_\_\_\_\_

There are 14 questions, for a total of 100 points. Point values are written beside each question. *No calculators allowed. Show your work for full credit.*

1. [8 points] Calculate the following in base 5. Show all work in base five (not just a conversion to base ten and back).

(a)  $2013_{\text{five}} - 142_{\text{five}}$

(b)  $21_{\text{five}} \cdot 34_{\text{five}}$

2. [6] *Without* computing each sum, find which is greater,  $S$  or  $T$ , and by how much:

$$S = 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + \cdots + 10,000$$

$$T = 2 + 5 + 10 + 17 + \cdots + 10,001$$

3. [8] Consider the following proposition about all whole numbers  $n$ .

$p$  : If  $n$  is a multiple of 4, then  $n$  is even.

(a) Is  $p$  true? If not, give a counterexample.

(b) State the *converse* of  $p$ . Is it true? If not, give a counterexample.

4. [6] How many one-to-one correspondences are there between the sets  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$  if in each correspondence, each multiple of 3 must correspond to a vowel?

5. [6] Find a digit to fill in the blank, if possible, so that the number

$$613 \_ 6$$

is divisible by

(a) 4

(b) 9

(c) 11

6. [8] Write each of the following in simplest form:

(a)  $6^{-5} \cdot 6^7 \div 2^3$

(b)  $3\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{2}{9}$

7. [7] Which of the following are rational numbers? Circle all those that are.

$\frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{10}{21}$

3.14

$\pi$

$\sqrt{96}$

$\sqrt{196}$

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

8. [10] Convert the following repeating decimal to a fraction (you need not simplify):

$$3.2\overline{15}$$

9. [6] Eighteen-karat gold contains 18 parts gold and 6 parts other metals. If a ring contains 12 parts gold and 3 parts other metals, is it 18-karat gold? Justify your answer.

10. [6] Find the sum  $1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{64} + \cdots$

11. [10] In an arithmetic sequence, the sum of the 11th and 21st terms is 94. The 21st term minus the 11th term is 30. Find the first term of the sequence.

12. [6] For a particular event, 250 tickets were sold, for a total of \$1,500. If students paid \$5 per ticket and nonstudents paid \$10 per ticket, how many student tickets were sold?

13. [6] For each of the following sequences (either arithmetic or geometric), find a function  $f(n)$  whose domain is the set of natural numbers, and whose outputs are the terms of the sequence.

(a)  $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{27}, \frac{1}{81}, \dots$

(b)  $10, 3, -4, -11, \dots$

14. [7] (**True/False.**) For each of the following statements, write “T” if it is true and “F” if it is false. (You need not give counterexamples for false statements.)

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ For all sets  $A, B, C$ , if  $A \cup B = A \cup C$ , then  $B = C$ .

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ For all integers  $a$  and  $b$ , if both  $a$  and  $b$  are even, then  $\text{GCD}(a, b) = 2$ .

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ For all integers  $a$  and  $b$ , if  $b$  divides  $a$ , then  $b$  divides  $a + b$ .

(d) \_\_\_\_\_ For all integers  $a, b$ , and prime numbers  $p$ , if  $p$  divides  $ab$ , then  $p$  divides  $a$  or  $p$  divides  $b$ .

(e) \_\_\_\_\_ For all integers  $a$  and  $b$ ,  $|a - b| = |b - a|$ .

(f) \_\_\_\_\_ The sum of any two irrational numbers is an irrational number.

(g) \_\_\_\_\_  $0.\bar{3} = \frac{1}{3}$