STAPLE YOUR WORK

Quiz # 3

MATH 141 Summer 1 2012 - Dr. Oksana Shatalov

LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	Section $#$
		10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Due Monday 6/4 at the beginning of class.

- If turned in later than 10 minutes into class, 5 points off. No papers will be accepted after class.
- If you turn it in to my office (Blocker 629F), place it in my mailbox (Blocker 603) or e-mail a PDF-version to me, make sure you do it before 9:45am, Monday 6/4/2012.
- You MUST show ALL your work to get full credit. Just writing the answers down is not enough. Even if you use your calculator, write down the preliminary work.
- Your work must be neat, easy to follow. BOX YOUR FINAL ANSWERS.
- You may use notes and textbook, but not the help of anything else.

On my honor, as an Aggie, I certify that the solution submitted by me is my own work. I had neither given nor received unauthorized aid on this work.

Signature: _

matrices A, B, C, D are given in the table:	А	В	С	D
	44×44	17×17	44×17	17×44

Determine if the following matrices are defined. If yes, find the size, if not, explain why.

(a) *BDC*

1. The sizes of

(b) BC^TC

(c) $7B + I_7D$

(d) $A^{-1}C + BDA$

(e) C^{-1}

(f) $(BD)^T$

(g) 4B + 7A

(h) $D^T + ACB$

2. Given system of linear equations:

Find the matrices A, B, X so that the given system will be equivalent to the matrix equation AX = B. For each matrix indicate its size.

3.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 6 \\ 6 & 28 \\ x & -4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} y-1 & 1 & 9 \\ 4 & 5 & 2z+1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3u \\ 0 & 1 \\ -10 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Find

 $2a_{11} + 3b_{21} + c_{32} =$

(b) Solve for u, x, y, and z in the following matrix equation:

$$A = 6B^T - 2C$$

4. Justin has three times as many nickels as quarters and three more dimes than nickels. If the total face value of these coins is \$2.40, how many coins does Justin have? Set up the system of equations, but DO NOT SOLVE. Be sure to clearly define the variables.

5. A brokerage firm packaged blocks of blue-chip stocks, bonds and high-risk stocks into three portfolios, which it offers to its customers. Portfolio I contains 1 block of blue chip stocks, 4 blocks of bonds, and 3 blocks of high-risk stocks. Portfolio II contains 2 blocks of blue-chip stocks, 1 block of bonds, and 2 blocks of high-risk stocks. Portfolio III contains 4 blocks of blue-chip stocks, 2 blocks of bonds, and 1 block of high-risk stocks. A customer wants 8 blocks of blue-chip stocks, 11 blocks of bonds, and 9 blocks of high-risk stocks. Write a system of equations you could use to determine how many of each portfolio should the customer purchase? Set up the system of equations, but DO NOT SOLVE. Be sure to clearly define the variables.